School of Forest Resources

Unit Assessment Report

2011-12

Prepared by:

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The School of Forest Resources (SFR) offers undergraduate and graduate degrees in three major areas: Forestry, Wildlife Management, and Spatial Information Systems (SIS). SFR’s graduate program offers a Master of Science in Forest Resources with specialization in Forestry, Wildlife Management, and Spatial Information Systems. Additionally, the School also offers a two-year degree in Land Surveying Technology. The mission statement for the School is as follows.

*The mission of the School of Forest Resources is to educate professional forest and wildlife resource managers, to enlarge the body of knowledge in renewable forest resources, and to disseminate new ideas and technology. Successful accomplishment of this mission will promote and enhance management, conservation and appreciation of public and private forests, thereby providing for continuous production and optimum attainment of a variety of forest resources for the people of Arkansas, the South and the Nation. These resource benefits include the production of wood and fiber, wildlife and clean water; as well as provision for recreation, aesthetic, and other special values.*

1. **What are the Student Learning Outcomes (SLOs) for your unit? How do you inform the public and other stakeholders (students, potential students, the community) about your SLOs?**

The learning outcomes of the School of Forest Resources are:

1. **To educate baccalaureate-level professionals in both forestry and wildlife management, with both the professional competence and diversity of background to assume positions with a variety of resource management organizations, such as private industry, private consulting firms, or public agencies; furthermore, to provide an educational and professional basis for successful work performance and for assuming increasing administrative and managerial responsibilities to the middle management level and beyond.**

2. **To provide graduate-level educational opportunities in forest resources.**

3. **To provide students the opportunity to acquire the professional and academic competence in forestry or wildlife necessary to be nationally competitive in graduate studies.**

4. **To foster general education, a professional curriculum, and a collegiate environment that attract and retain academically strong and professionally motivated students.**

5. **To promote an educational environment in which a strong orientation toward academic performance is encouraged, and where a dedication to the profession and its ethics is developed.**

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In addition, the School’s other professional objectives are:

1. To support research programs at both the basic and applied levels that contribute to the body of knowledge in forestry and related natural resources, and which address the professional, scientific, and social needs of forestry and natural resources communities in the State, the region, and the Nation.

2. To maintain a program of extension and public service that transmits new and established knowledge and technology to appropriate clientele through workshops, seminars, symposia, continuing education programs, and publications.

These statements are easily accessible on the web at the School’s home page. The url for these statements is: http://www.afrc.uamont.edu/sfr/mission2.htm.

The School’s Forestry curriculum is accredited by the Society of American Foresters (SAF). The letter of accreditation is attached in Appendix I.

All SFR programs (forestry, wildlife management, spatial information systems, land surveying, and graduate programs) have separate brochures that provide information on the requirements of the degree programs to prospective students. The combined SFR brochure and the SIS program brochure are attached in Appendix III. The SFR web site (http://www.afrc.uamont.edu/sfr/index.htm) also provides ample information on our programs to any prospective students. In addition, the UAM catalog also includes detailed information on our programs. Several times a year, the School rents information booths at professional meetings and conventions in an effort to recruit and provide information to prospective students. Once a year, the School holds a recruitment day that brings in students from neighboring high schools. The event involves current SFR students and faculty who demonstrate teaching and research activities at SFR to prospective students.

Current students are reached in a variety of different ways. All SFR faculty members are required to develop specific, measurable core competencies/learning objectives for each of their courses. Students are required to meet the requirements of these core competencies over the course of the semester before they can receive a passing grade for the course. These core competencies are clearly explained in course syllabi and communicated to the students on the first day of class. Examples of several course syllabi are included in Appendix V. Many SFR faculty members also have web sites for their courses and these learning objectives are communicated to the students through these web sites.

Additionally, SFR graduate students are also in constant communication with their thesis advisors and graduate committee members. Graduate students receive ample
advice and mentoring needed to fulfill the requirements for their Master of Science degree.

2. Describe how your unit’s Student Learning Outcomes fit into the mission of the university.

School of Forest Resource’s mission statement and goals contribute to the University’s overall mission statement of seeking to enhance and share knowledge, to preserve and promote the intellectual content of society, and to educate people for critical thought. The following table presents a comparison of SFR’s mission statements to those of the University.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UAM MISSION STATEMENT</th>
<th>Unit Learning Outcomes</th>
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<tr>
<td>The mission the University of Arkansas at Monticello shares with all universities is</td>
<td>Educational Obj. 1, 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>the commitment to search for truth, understanding through scholastic endeavor.</td>
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<tr>
<td>The University seeks to enhance and share knowledge, to preserve and promote the</td>
<td>Educational Obj. 3</td>
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<td>intellectual content of society, and to educate people for critical thought.</td>
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<td>The University provides learning experiences that enable students to synthesize</td>
<td>Educational Obj. 4, 5</td>
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<td>knowledge, communicate effectively, use knowledge and technology with intelligence</td>
<td>Professional Obj. 1</td>
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<td>and responsibility, and act creatively within their own and other cultures.</td>
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<td>The University strives for excellence in all its endeavors. Educational opportunities</td>
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<td>encompass the liberal arts, basic and applied sciences, selected professions, and</td>
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<td>vocational/technical preparation. These opportunities are founded in a strong</td>
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<td>program of general education and are fulfilled through contemporary disciplinary</td>
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<td>curricula, certification programs, and vocational/technical education or workforce</td>
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<tr>
<td>training. The University assures opportunities in higher education for both</td>
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<td>traditional and non-traditional students and strives to provide an environment that</td>
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<td>fosters individual achievement and personal development.</td>
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Therefore, the School’s mission statement and goals contribute to the University’s mission through preparation of the student for life-long learning and contribution in natural resources professions.

The Arkansas Forest Resources Center (AFRC), a University of Arkansas Center of Excellence, has three separate missions as part of the University of Arkansas Division of Agriculture’s land grant status. The Center’s teaching mission is administered.

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through the School of Forest Resources. The research and outreach missions, on the other hand, are administered through the Division of Agriculture. AFRC brings together academicians and researchers in the natural resources area from around the state. The mission statement of the Center reads:

“The mission of the Arkansas Forest Resources Center is to develop and deliver superior programs in education, research and extension that enhance and insure to sustainability of forest based natural resources”

The Center’s mission incorporates the cutting edge, and diverse research conducted by the Center faculty into SFR’s teaching mission. This ultimately results in the delivery of superior and up-to-date learning materials to the students, and to the natural resources community in general. This is a direct component of the University’s mission to enhance and share knowledge.

3. **Provide an analysis of the student learning data from your unit. How is this data used as evidence of learning?**

SFR faculty members use a variety of methods to assess the achievement of School’s learning outcomes. These assessment methods can be broadly categorized into course-specific assessment and degree-specific assessment. These assessment techniques and analyses of data are described below.

**A. COURSE-SPECIFIC ASSESSMENT**

Since the School offers several graduate, undergraduate, and associate degrees in fundamentally different subject areas, the nature of course content varies widely within the School. Therefore, choice of specific methods of assessment for individual courses is left up to individual instructors. Where appropriate, faculty members use pre and post tests.

Assessment of student performance at SFR has two essential elements. The first is individual course-level assessment done by instructors. Second, these course-level assessment data are then used for assessment at the program level. The measure of student performance begins with individual courses. The School’s assessment system is designed to produce measurements on students’ achievement of specific learning objectives. At the end of each semester, data on course assessment are reported to the School Assessment Coordinator (Dr. Mehmood) through a short report. This report essentially contains information on student performance in achieving the core competencies. The Assessment Coordinator collects and analyzes these data for use by the unit and our accreditation agency for the forestry degree—the Society of American Foresters. As a part of this analysis, the coordinator prepares an annual 2011-2012 Report.
summary for every course. Examples of these course assessment summaries are presented in Appendix II.

The second and equally important part of the School’s assessment plan is at the program level. This part of the assessment plan starts with grouping the Schools’ professional courses in each curriculum into three different levels. Level 1 consists of the foundational courses usually taken by sophomores. Level 2 courses are mid-level courses taken by juniors and seniors. Level 3 is always the capstone course for each curriculum. Once these groupings are made, linkages in core competencies are formed from capstone courses to level 2 courses and then to level 1 courses. If a student performs poorly in one of the core competencies, his/her performance in linked core competencies for level 2 and level 1 courses could then be examined and hopefully the student’s deficiency could be explained. This information could be important for the School in refining its curricula and achieve SFR’s student learning objectives.

It will perhaps be useful to illustrate this with a specific example. For forestry and wildlife students, the capstone course is Integrated Forest Resource Management. This course has a total of 10 critical learning objectives. These are as follows.

1) Develop team internal objectives and shared assignments.
2) Work cooperatively in a professional manner.
3) Identify landowner objectives.
4) Design and implement comprehensive land and forest inventories including the ability to measure land areas and conduct spatial analyses.
5) Analyze inventory data and project future conditions.
6) Assess abiotic and biotic components of forest ecosystems.
7) Develop silvicultural prescriptions appropriate to management objectives.
8) Develop management plans addressing multiple objectives and constraints.
9) Integrate necessary financial, social and legal aspects into a management plan.
10) Communicate in written and oral formats to both expert and non-expert audiences.

Each of these learning objectives is linked to other learning objectives (core competencies) for courses that the students have previously taken. Student performance in the capstone course is hence linked to their performance in achieving the learning objectives of these earlier courses. For example, such linkages for capstone course learning objective #5 are as follows.

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For 4823 Integrated Res. Planning and Mgt. CC #5:  
Analyze inventory data and project future conditions  

Tier 2  

For 4684 Natural Resource Economics/Management CC #7:  
Use growth and yield models to project forest conditions to future states  

Tier 1  

For 2273 Forest Measurements CC #2:  
Gain a better understanding of the mathematical and statistical methodologies used in natural resource management  

For 2273 Forest Measurements CC #4:  
Gain an ability to use computers when achieving the other objectives  

Based on the course assessments supplied by individual instructors, the assessment coordinator is then able to track a student’s performance in the program through related learning objectives/core competencies. For every student completing the capstone course, their performance is tracked and recorded through the use of these backward linkages for each capstone course core competency. While this information will not be useful for helping these specific students since they are already close to finishing their degree, the information can be used for making program-level changes, if necessary, which will benefit future students and strengthen SFR degree programs. Example of this type of assessment is included in Appendix II.

It will perhaps be helpful to explain the course assessment reports in Appendix II with an example. The Appendix includes a report on the capstone course—Integrated Forest resource Management. Let us take learning objective (also called core competency) #6 as an example. This learning objective is “Assess abiotic and biotic components of forest ecosystems”. From the table it is clear that the average for all students since 2009 to accomplish this learning objective is 1.8. This means, on average students required 1.8 number of attempts to complete this objective. However, the cohort average for 2012 was 1.29. This means that in case of this learning objective the 2012 cohort performed better than the 2009-12 average.
Analysis of mean number of attempts by students to complete the core competencies of the capstone course and these students’ cumulative GPA at the time of graduation shows a statistically significant correlation of -0.56. This means that students with higher GPAs require lower number of attempts to complete the capstone core competencies.

Other measures used to gather data were: transcript reviews; competency reviews in labs, and field practices. Additionally, student evaluation of instructors was also used as an integral part of the unit’s more traditional assessment system.

B. DEGREE-SPECIFIC ASSESSMENT

B.S. in Forestry, Wildlife Management, and Spatial Information Systems:

Tools identified for assessment are:

1. Required coursework.

   The forestry, wildlife management and SIS curricula consist of a total of 120 hours of coursework. Students in all three of these majors are required to take a sequence of coursework consisting of a forestry core curriculum and a block of supportive requirements. The students must complete these courses (with the exception of free electives) with a grade of C or better to graduate from the School with a Bachelor of Science degree in forestry, wildlife management, or SIS.

   The sequence of courses in these curriculums is designed to achieve the School’s learning objectives. The number of hours dedicated to each of these learning objectives is balanced against the relative importance of these objectives within the curriculums. After going through extensive coursework, seniors enroll in the School’s one of two capstone courses—Integrated Resource Planning and Management or SIS practicum (depending on their major). These capstone courses test the student’s abilities in each of the learning areas, and their ability to combine their knowledge in these areas in order to prepare a comprehensive, holistic management plan for a forest; or in case of SIS students, their ability to prepare a comprehensive plan for a project that was assigned to each student.

   Faculty advisors within the School ensure that students complete their required coursework in a timely manner. Since many of these courses are pre-requisites and co-requisites for other courses, this function served by
faculty advisors is critical. This is especially a difficult task for wildlife management advisors since most of the required courses are offered outside of SFR and many are not offered every year. Advisors routinely check transcripts and run degree audits on their advisees to keep them on track for completion of their degree. Courses listed with a grade lower than C must be retaken for credit. SFR students are required to re-take courses until grades of C or better are earned. A final check on graduating seniors is made by running degree audits to ensure that they meet all of their degree requirements.

2. Competency in computer skills.

The forestry curriculum is heavily dependent on computer usage. Most courses in the curriculum require basic knowledge of word processors and spreadsheet programs. Some require advanced skills such as the use of forest simulation programs, and Geographic Information System (GIS) software. All students are required to demonstrate computer competence through class and laboratory assignments using various computer software packages. Instructors review the student's performance on various assignments and provide feedback as necessary.

Forestry majors are taught computer skills that are necessary for them to complete requirements of individual courses. The degree and nature of computer skills taught vary by courses. Forest Measurements, Forest Inventory, Forest Ecology, Silviculture, Intro to GIS & GPS, Forest Economics, Natural Resource Management, Seminar, and the Integrated Resource Planning and Management courses all have a significant portion of their class and laboratory assignments requiring computer skills. Graded assignments reflect the competency of students’ computer skills.

Although students’ computer skills vary somewhat depending on their exposure to computers prior to enrolling forestry classes, forestry students have traditionally demonstrated computer skills at the level required to complete class assignments. While it may be an issue for some students, based on faculty feedback computer skills have not generally been a major obstacle to success in recent years. Ubiquitous use of computers both at home and in school may have contributed to a general level of comfort with computer usage. These students also have the benefit of up-to-date computing equipment and software programs at SFR.

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The wildlife management curriculum also requires substantial computer skills. Many courses in the curriculum require basic knowledge of word processors and spreadsheet programs. Some require advanced skills such as the use of Geographic Information System (GIS) software. All students are required to demonstrate computer competence through class and laboratory assignments using various computer software packages. Instructors review the student's performance on various assignments and provide feedback as necessary.

Due to heavy reliance on computers for data gathering and analyses, superior computer skills are critical for SIS majors. Most courses in the curriculum require basic knowledge of word processors and spreadsheet programs. Many require advanced skills such as the use of Geographic Information System (GIS) software, other digitizing and mapping programs, and statistical analysis software. All students are required to demonstrate computer competence through class and laboratory assignments using various computer software packages. Instructors review the student's performance on various assignments and provide feedback as necessary.

SIS majors are taught extensive computer skills that were critical for them to complete requirements of the curriculum. Most SIS core courses have a significant portion of their class and laboratory assignments requiring computer skills. Graded assignments have demonstrated excellent computer skills at the level required to complete class assignments. The SIS program also maintains state of the art computing equipment and software programs.

3. Capstone courses

The forestry and wildlife management curriculums include a required integrated resource and planning management course that challenges students to integrate materials learned from previous courses in the development of a management plan that is presented to actual forest landowners. In order to be successful in this course, the students must demonstrate critical thinking, problem solving, planning, and development skills along with the skills of oral and written communication. Since the students are required to work in groups, this course also tests the student’s abilities in working as part of a team.

As mentioned earlier, this course requires team work. Teams of 3 students each are assigned parcels of forest land typically owned by non-

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industrial private forest landowners in the state. Each team was required to complete a comprehensive forest resource management plan for their parcel within the course of a semester (spring semester of their senior year). These plans require a tremendous amount of field work involving survey of the land, inventory of timber, wildlife, and other resources. The forestry students work with their colleagues in wildlife management for collecting these data. This provides some important and interesting experience for the forestry students in that they have to work with students of another discipline who probably have a somewhat different way of looking at natural resource issues. The teams are also required to communicate with their respective landowner and understand his/her plans for the land. All of this information is then used to prepare the management plans. The quality of the management plan demonstrates each team’s ability to integrate previous coursework into a working plan that meets specific management objectives. The teams are then required to present their plans in seminars that are open to all. These seminars are attended by many faculty members who actively participate in discussions and test the students through rigorous questioning. Ample feedback is provided as to the plan's effectiveness and integration of relevant course material. The teams also present their plans to their respective landowners. The following chart shows student grade distribution for the course since 2005.

It is evident from the chart that in recent years students have done exceptionally well in the capstone course, especially since 2008. It should be noted that this period of good performance also happens to coincide with the period that the current assessment system has been in place. Based on strictly anecdotal evidence, this is perhaps an indication that achievement of core competencies in individual courses does eventually produce better professionals at the degree level. In any case, the fact that these students received high grades despite the rigorous nature of the course is indicative of the quality of their learning experience at the School.

The students also present their management plans to the landowners. This opportunity gives the students valuable experience in planning, interpersonal communication, and interaction with landowners.
In addition to the management plan, all senior students are required to complete Senior Seminar to demonstrate their ability to speak about a variety of issues. Students are evaluated by their fellow students during their presentation and feedback is also provided by their instructor. Students are videotaped during their seminar presentation, which adds to the feedback.

The Integrated Resource Planning and Management course provides a unique, practical experience to the forestry students. Students also learn to work as part of a team. In the past year, team members included students in forestry and wildlife management majors, with varying degrees of professional field experience. This diversity of experience in team members provided the students with a taste of the usual real-life work environment for natural resource professionals.

The most significant challenges for students centered on interpersonal issues connected with meeting mutually set deadlines, detail and quality of the work presented and fair division of labor within the teams. Instructors monitored the progress of the teams and offered technical as well as organizational suggestions when needed.

Students reported that the “Integrated” experience is one of the best of their professional education. They appreciated the opportunity to work in
groups, and while there were problems, they realized that the world of work is full of similar circumstances.

SFR faculty agree that this assessment practice is useful in determining if students possessed the ability to synthesize data, organize a presentation, and deliver the information to a group of people.

The SIS curriculum includes a required SIS practicum course that challenges students to integrate materials learned from previous courses in the development of a plan that is assigned to them at the beginning of their final semester. In order to be successful in this course, the students must demonstrate critical thinking, problem solving, technical, and planning skills along with the skills of oral and written communication.

Individual students are assigned a project that requires tremendous amounts of planning, technical abilities, and decision-making abilities on the part of the students. These projects may or may not have had a natural resource component to them, and the nature of the project depends on the students area of concentration—GIS or surveying. Each student is required to collect and analyze data and complete a comprehensive plan (or map) for their project within the course of a semester (spring semester of their senior year). The quality of the plan demonstrates each student’s ability to integrate previous coursework into solving a real-life problem that meets specific management objectives. The students are then required to present their plans in seminars that are open to all. These seminars are attended by many faculty members who actively participate in discussions and tested the students through rigorous questioning. Feedback is provided as to the plan's effectiveness and integration of relevant course material. The following chart shows student grade distribution for the course since 2005.
The Practicum course provides a unique, practical experience to the SIS students by working on a real-life project. Students have to use their knowledge of GIS and/or surveying acquired in previous semesters and answer management questions associated with their projects. Instructors monitor the progress of the students and offer technical as well as organizational suggestions when needed.

In graduate exit interviews, SIS students picked SIS Practicum as one of the most favorite and most useful of their professional education. They appreciated the opportunity to work with a variety of public and private collaborators.

The following three charts show cumulative GPA distributions of the School’s forestry, wildlife management, and SIS graduates since the 2006-07 cohort.
GPA Distribution of Forestry Graduates, 2006-2012

GPA Distribution of Wildlife Management Graduates, 2006-2012

GPA Distribution of SIS Graduates, 2006-2012

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Associate of Science Degree in Land Surveying Technology:

Determined for use as assessment tools are:

1. **Required coursework.**

   The Land Surveying Technology curriculum consists of 65 hours and all students are required to take a sequence of coursework consisting of a surveying associate degree core curriculum and a block of supportive general education requirements. The students must pass these courses with a grade of C or better to graduate from the School with a Associate of Science degree in Land Surveying Technology.

   The sequence of courses in the Land Surveying Technology curriculum is designed to achieve the School’s learning objectives mentioned above. The number of hours dedicated to each of these learning objectives is balanced against the relative importance of these objectives within the curriculum. This is a coursework only curriculum, and there is no required capstone course.

   Faculty advisors within the School ensure that students complete their required course work in a timely manner. Advisors routinely check transcripts and run degree audits on their advisees to keep them on track for completion of their degree. Courses listed with a grade lower than C must be retaken for credit. SFR students are required to re-take courses until grades of C or better are earned. A final check on graduating seniors is made by running degree audits to ensure that they have met all of their degree requirements.

   Feedback from students about the Land Surveying Technology curriculum appeared positive. Students ranked the surveying faculty highly and rated some of the core courses as useful.

2. **Competency in computer skills.**

   Good computer skills are required for students in Land Surveying Technology. Many courses in the curriculum require basic knowledge of word processors and spreadsheet programs. Some require advanced skills such as the use of Geographic Information System (GIS) software. All students are required to demonstrate computer competence through class and laboratory assignments using various computer software packages.

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Instructors review the student's performance on various assignments and provide feedback as necessary.

The following chart shows the cumulative GPA distribution of the School’s Associate of Science in Land Surveying Technology graduates since the 2006-07 cohort.

### GPA Distribution of Land Surveying Technology Graduates, 2006-2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Frequency</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>0.5</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>1.5</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>2.5</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>3.5</th>
<th>4</th>
<th>4.5</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 2.5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>2.5-3.00</td>
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<td>3.01-3.50</td>
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<td>3.51-4.00</td>
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</table>

**M.S. Degree in Forest Resources:**

Determined tools for use as assessment are:

1. **Required coursework.**

   All students must complete a minimum of 24 credits of course work and 6 credits of graduate thesis. While courses that may be taken for graduate credit are somewhat flexible and depends on the student’s area of specialization, a degree plan identifying all courses to be taken must be filed in advance. All courses included on a student’s degree plan must be passed with a grade of C or better. Additionally, no more than two courses with grades below a B can be used to fulfill graduation requirements.

   Each student’s advisory committee members participate in the development of a customized degree plan. The Graduate Program Coordinator and individual major advisors check transcripts during pre-
registration and registration periods. A final check of the student’s transcript is made when students are ready for graduation.

The faculty advisor and advisory committee members have ample opportunities to communicate with students during the advising process. Communication can encompass the student’s progress through the graduate program, feedback to the student regarding his/her coursework and research, and the student’s feelings regarding his/her project and the overall graduate experience at SFR.

2. Seminar.

All graduate students participate in two seminar courses to enhance oral communication skills. Each student is required to choose an appropriate forest resource topic (usually a topic related to their thesis project) and make a professional presentation to faculty, staff, and students.

Student seminars are videotaped and evaluated by the lead instructor for the seminar course. These seminars are also attended by faculty members, staff, and other students. Ample feedback is provided by these attendees during the seminar.

This process provides feedback to the students and helps determine their ability to synthesize data, organize a professional presentation, and deliver the information to a group of people.

3. Quantitative and analytical skills.

All students are required to demonstrate quantitative and analytical competence through a series of two required applied statistics courses, other quantitative courses relevant to their area of study, and analysis and interpretation of information gathered in their thesis project. In addition, there are other elective graduate courses that have substantial quantitative components such as Advanced Forest Management, and Advanced Forest Economics.

Quantitative and analytical skills are assessed for each student by monitoring their progress in applied statistics courses and other quantitative courses pertinent to their program of study as outlined by their degree plan.
All of our students enrolled in our two applied statistics courses received a grade of B or better during 2006-07. Many of our graduate students are currently analyzing data from their thesis projects. Their progress in this endeavor is being closely monitored by their faculty advisor and advisory committee members.


Students are required to define an appropriate topic for investigation; review relevant literature; develop a study plan; collect, analyze, and interpret data; test hypotheses and draw conclusions; and write and defend a thesis. The final thesis product must be of the utmost quality in both research and document presentation. The drafts are submitted to the student’s graduate committee of three to five members for review, comments, and suggested revision.

Each student’s progress is monitored by their thesis chair and committee during the topic development; review of relevant literature; development of supporting study plan; collection, analysis, and interpretation of the data; hypothesis testing; development of conclusions; and development of the appropriate document design.

The following chart shows the cumulative GPA distribution of the School’s Master of Science in degree recipients since 2006-07.
5. Oral comprehensive examination.

A student’s graduate education culminates in an oral comprehensive examination, including a thesis defense that is administered by the student’s advisory committee. The comprehensive examination typically covers, but is not limited to, material presented in and related to the thesis, course work, and other appropriate literature and information. Unanimous agreement of the graduate advisory committee is required for a student to complete our graduate program and receive a Master of Science degree.

All of SFR’s graduating M.S. students passed their examination based on unanimous agreement of their advisory committee. The oral comprehensive exam maintained a high level of rigor and these exams are often attended either by the Dean or a faculty representative of the Dean.

The following is a list of thesis topics for our recent Master of Science degree recipients:

“TRENDS IN CONSUMPTION AND PRICE OF WOOD-BASED AND CONVENTIONAL SOURCES OF ENERGY IN THE UNITED STATES”

“RELATIONSHIPS AMONG WHITE-TAILED DEER DENSITY ESTIMATES, HABITAT, AND SPATIAL SCALE”

“INDIVIDUAL TREE WEIGHT EQUATIONS FOR TOTAL GREEN BIOMASS AND TOTAL MERCHANDABLE PULPWOOD FOR PLANTATION COTTONWOODS IN EASTERN ARKANSAS”

“A JOURNEY NORTH: AMERICAN WOODCOCK SPRING MIGRATION CHRONOLOGY AND USE OF INDUSTRIAL FORESTS IN CENTRAL ARKANSAS”

“GPS COLLAR ERROR AND ITS IMPLICATIONS ON A WHITE-TAILED DEER STUDY ON CHOCTAW ISLAND WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREA, DESHA COUNTY, ARKANSAS”

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“ASSESSING THE SPATIAL EXTENT AND SEVERITY OF FOREST DISTURBANCE EVENTS ON BIRD POPULATIONS IN THE OZARK NATIONAL FOREST, ARKANSAS”

“EFFECTS OF HEAT TREATMENT ON THE MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF SELECTED WOOD SPECIES”

“A COMPARISON OF PIXEL-BASED AND OBJECT-BASED LAND USE/LAND COVER CLASSIFICATION METHODOLOGIES AT DIFFERENT RESOLUTIONS”

“ESTIMATING FINE ROOT BIOMASS IN A FAST GROWING, SHORT ROTATION WOODY BIOMASS PLANTATION IN THE LOWER MISSISSIPPI ALLUVIAL VALLEY”

“DEVELOPMENT OF NEAR INFRARED SPECTRAL MODELS FOR CHARACTERIZING THE PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES OF AMY SILT LOAM SOIL IN SOUTHEASTERN ARKANSAS”

“FACTORS INFLUENCING NONINDUSTRIAL PRIVATE FOREST OWNERS’ WILLINGNESS TO SUPPLY BIOMASS FOR WOOD-BASED BIOENERGY”

“ANALYSIS OF NON-INDUSTRIAL PRIVATE FOREST LANDOWNER’S POLICY PREFERENCES FOR PROMOTING RENEWABLE BIOENERGY”

“SMALL MAMMAL COMMUNITY CHARACTERISTICS AND MICROHABITAT ASSOCIATIONS ON A WETLAND RESTORATION SITE IN CHICOT COUNTY, ARKANSAS”

“ANT DIVERSITY OF ARKANSAS POST NATIONAL MEMORIAL”

2011-2012 Report
4. Based on your analysis of student learning data in Question 3, include an explanation of what seems to be improving student learning and what should be revised.

The course-based assessment system is working well. In addition to helping us track student performance, the assessment also provides useful information for SFR instructors. The instructors can compare student performance for individual CCs from year to year and adjust delivery of teaching materials accordingly.

SFR’s forestry program underwent a 10-year accreditation visit in spring 2011. The team was impressed with our assessment system. In fact, the team had indicated that they were considering a recommendation to the Society of American Foresters that aspects of our system be adopted as a standard for all forestry schools in the nation.

Lessons from student performance assessment have played important roles in a number of unit decisions. We have made changes to the curriculum to make the unit’s educational programs more efficient. Examples of such changes include combining forest economics (3 credit hours) and forest management (3 credit hours) into one course (4 credit hours). This, along with other similar changes, has reduced the number of credit hours required to complete a forestry degree from 127 to 120.

5. Other than course level/grades, describe/analyze other data and other sources of data whose results assist your unit to improve student learning.

The School utilizes a variety other measures to collect data. These data are then used to modify and refine the School’s programs. These measures include senior exit interviews, alumni surveys, employer surveys, and student surveys in selected courses.

Each graduating senior is required to participate in an exit interview where the student and the unit head discuss the educational experience of the student. This survey forms a major component of student feedback in the School’s assessment system and provides the School with a graduating student’s perspective on our programs. All graduating seniors were interviewed by the unit head.

The School also conducts periodic alumni and employer surveys. The most recent data collected through these surveys were in late 2005 and early 2006. These data are examined carefully and possible programmatic changes are identified as a result of such analyses. These surveys are typically done once in about five years. There have been discussions on conducting an alumni and employer survey. However, we are still trying to determine ways to do this effectively so the results are meaningful.
Data on job placement can also be useful in program assessment. Information on job/graduate school placement is currently not being formally collected by the School. If a graduating student was able to secure a job by his/her senior exit interview, then it would be indicated in the survey. However, anecdotal evidence gathered through personal communication indicate that forestry, wildlife management, SIS, and surveying graduates have always had high placement record. This is an indication that our graduates are qualified and competent to find gainful employment in the profession. This, in turn, is also indicative of the fact that our programs fill the employment requirements of many industrial, private and public employers.

Although job placement information for SFR graduate students is currently not being collected formally, it is often received by the faculty through personal communication. It should be noted that several of our graduate students have been offered, and some have accepted, employment prior to their graduation.

The following table represents the current job placement records of our Master of Science degree recipients.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Employer</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ph.D. student</td>
<td>Louisiana State Univ.</td>
<td>Baton Rouge, LA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ph.D. student</td>
<td>Virginia Tech.</td>
<td>Blacksburg, VA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research Technician</td>
<td>Michigan State University</td>
<td>Lansing, MI</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ph.D. student</td>
<td>University of Florida</td>
<td>Gainesville, FL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ph.D. Student</td>
<td>Auburn University</td>
<td>Auburn, AL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ph.D. Student</td>
<td>Oklahoma State Univ.</td>
<td>Stillwater, OK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ph.D. Student</td>
<td>Mississippi State Univ.</td>
<td>Starkville, MS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Res. Specialist</td>
<td>Virginia Tech.</td>
<td>Virginia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research Forester</td>
<td>Weyerhauser Company</td>
<td>Columbus, Mississippi</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forester</td>
<td>International Paper Co.</td>
<td>Louisiana</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forester/GIS</td>
<td>Kingwood Forestry</td>
<td>Arkadelphia, Arkansas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forestry Analyst</td>
<td>Mid-South Engineering</td>
<td>Hot Springs, Arkansas</td>
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<tr>
<td>Remote Sensing Specialist</td>
<td>U.S. Forest Service</td>
<td>Salt Lake City, Utah</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research Technician</td>
<td>U.S. Forest Service</td>
<td>Starkville, Mississippi</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2011-2012 Report
The information gathered from these sources has been instrumental in modifications and refinement of the SFR curriculums. For example, previous employer surveys had indicated that while our students had excellent technical skills, their knowledge and understanding of social issues was somewhat lacking. This ultimately resulted in the addition of a course in the general area of sociology of natural resources.
6. As a result of the review of your student learning data in previous questions, explain what efforts your unit will make to improve student learning over the next assessment period.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>What?</th>
<th>Who?</th>
<th>When/How often?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Collect course assessment report</td>
<td>Assessment Coordinator</td>
<td>End of fall and spring semesters</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conduct capstone course assessment</td>
<td>Capstone course instructors</td>
<td>Spring semester</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analyze unit-wide assessment data</td>
<td>Assessment Coordinator</td>
<td>Summer 2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Design and conduct a survey of</td>
<td>To be designated by the</td>
<td>Spring/Summer 2013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>employers and alumni</td>
<td>Dean</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prepare unit assessment report</td>
<td>Assessment Coordinator</td>
<td>Summer 2013</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

7. What new tactics to improve student learning has your unit considered, experimented with, researched, reviewed or put into practice over the past year?

SFR has been exploring the possibility of initiating/expanding our internship program. The first step for this is to develop agreements with potential employers. SFR is already or will soon be in conversations with the U.S. Forest Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Natural Resource Conservation Service, Arkansas Forestry Commission, Arkansas Game and Fish Commission, other organizations and private companies regarding the potential of student internships. Internship programs can have a strong influence on recruitment and retention and are sought after by students because of the hands on experience and employment potential gained through the programs.

We have also made the decision to design a new degree in environmental science. This decision was made in response to the needs of the employers and also to enhance student recruitment and learning at SFR. Once offered, this degree will prepare our students for the changing needs of the profession.
8. How do you ensure shared responsibility for student learning and assessment among students, faculty and other stakeholders?

Responsibility for student learning and assessment is shared by the faculty, students, and administrators across all SFR programs. Students are given feedback throughout the semesters and their academic careers in the unit. This feedback may be in the form of testing, observation, advising, or mentoring. We also have a student member on the assessment committee. 2011-12 membership of the SFR Assessment Committee is as follows. Committee membership will be reshuffled during Faculty Development Week.

Dr. Sayeed Mehmood (Chair)
Dr. Matt Pelkki
Dr. Philip Tappe
Dr. Hal Liechty
Currently Vacant (Undergraduate Student)

Students provide their feedback through course evaluations. Instructors use these evaluations to improve their course delivery. These evaluations are also a part of the faculty evaluation process.

Graduating seniors meet with the Dean every year and provide their feedback on SFR programs. A summary of the most recent exit interviews is included in this report as part of the answer to question #6.

A few instructors do conduct periodic surveys during the semester on assessment. Results from these surveys are then used by those instructors to improve course delivery. This method is only used by some instructors for their own purpose and the data are not used by the School since these surveys are specific to the individual courses.

9. Describe and provide evidence of the efforts your unit is making to recruit/retain/graduate students in your unit and/or at the University.

Recruitment and Retention

Recruitment into natural resources programs nationwide has been a hot topic at National Association of University of Forest Resource Programs (NAUFRP) and National Association of University of Fish and Wildlife Programs (NAUFWP) meetings for several years. Nationally, forestry program enrollment began to decline in 1997 and has made only small recoveries in some schools. Wildlife programs have remained somewhat stable. The few schools in which enrollments have grown are those which have provided additional programs in broader disciplines such as environmental science.

2011-2012 Report
or natural resources. Additionally, these programs are located on campuses of major land grant universities geographically located in well-populated areas. Last year the School of Forest Resources combined the Forestry and Wildlife Management programs into one degree with two options. In July 2012 a faculty retreat was held to focus on the planning for a new natural resources degree program with multiple options and broader offerings. Specific retention actions by the School include:

- **Student-Centered Teaching, Advising, and Mentoring**

  Exit interviews of graduating seniors indicate that faculty and staff of the School of Forest Resources are truly committed to student success. Faculty deliver rigorous courses with high expectations, while also being compassionate and dedicated to student welfare. Faculty and staff are available for helping students through difficult assignments, and most students form strong bonds with their instructors as they progress through the program. Excerpts from a recent report produced during an external review of the Spatial Information Systems program relate information gleaned from student interviews and provide evidence that students recognize and appreciate faculty efforts:

  “Other advising (academic, professional, career) is well done and often due to generally good and frequent interaction between students and faculty.”

  “Mentoring during the communications between faculty and students frequently occurs.”

  “Students are appreciative of this support they receive; they hold faculty in high regard.”

  “The program makes strong efforts, particularly in the first year when students are vulnerable, to retain students by offering substantial support-computer orientations, introductory courses with “how to succeed” material, involvement in student clubs and activities, etc.”

This continued culture of a student-centered focus enhances retention efforts of the School of Forest Resources.

- **Strong Support of Extracurricular Activities**

  The School of Forest Resources supports five undergraduate organizations:
  Forestry Club
  Spatial Information Systems Club
  Student Chapter of the Society of American Foresters

*2011-2012 Report*
Student Chapter of The Wildlife Society
Xi Sigma Pi (forestry honor society)
These extracurricular student organizations provide multiple opportunities for student bonding, leadership development and reinforcement of classroom experiences. Consistently strong performances by student organizations in national competitions bring additional focus for students and have aided retention through the bonding that occurs and through the strong academic emphasis of the organizations.

• Exploration of Interdisciplinary Initiatives

Planning has been initiated for an “umbrella” degree program in natural resources with multiple options. One of the primary components of this program will be a common core of courses for all students. Through this core, there will be a strong emphasis on interdisciplinary efforts. Interdisciplinary programs can have a strong influence on recruitment and retention and are sought after by students because the students recognize the importance of interdisciplinary interaction.

(The response to this question was prepared by Dr. Phil Tappe.)
January 9, 2012

CONFIDENTIAL

Dr. R. David Ray
Provost and Vice Chancellor for Academic Affairs
University of Arkansas at Monticello
P.O. Box 3478
Monticello, AR 71656

Dear Dr. Ray:

The Society of American Foresters (SAF) appreciates the University of Arkansas – Monticello’s dedication to excellence in forest resources education and its continued support of specialized forestry accreditation review. The SAF Committee on Accreditation grants accreditation through 2021 for the Forestry Option within the Forest Resources curriculum leading to the Bachelor of Science (BS) degree as administered by the School of Forest Resources at the University of Arkansas – Monticello.

Please see the enclosed Summary Findings & Action report for details.

The Society’s goal is to maintain a responsive accreditation process; therefore, I encourage you to make any suggestions that may help to keep accreditation an effective tool for assessing and improving the quality of forestry education. Should you have any comments or questions, please direct them to Ms. Carol Redelheimer, CF, Director, Science and Education. She may be reached at (301) 697-8720 extension 240 or by email at redelheimerC@safnet.org.

Sincerely,

Michael T. Goergen, Jr.
Executive Vice-President and CEO

CC: Dr. Philip Tappe, Dean, School of Forest Resources

Encl: SAF Committee on Accreditation Summary Findings and Action

5400 Grosvenor Lane | Bethesda, MD 20814-2198 | (301) 897-8720 | toll-free (866) 897-8720 | fax (301) 897-3690 | www.safnet.org

2011-2012 Report
Appendix II: Assessment Documents

A. Sample of course assessment reports prepared by instructors

Assessment Reporting on Core Competencies for Spring 2010 Courses
Instructor: Robert L. Ficklin

Forest Soils

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<table>
<thead>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a)</td>
<td>Describe the nature of different types of soil parent materials;</td>
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<td>b)</td>
<td>Define the components of soil color;</td>
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<td>c)</td>
<td>Demonstrate the ability to identify the Order in which a soil belongs based on a full taxonomic description;</td>
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<tr>
<td>d)</td>
<td>Identify soil textural classification based upon percentages of sand, silt, and clay;</td>
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<td>e)</td>
<td>List the factors and processes involved with soil formation;</td>
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<td>f)</td>
<td>Differentiate between 1:1 and 2:1 clay minerals on the basis of chemical structure;</td>
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<td>g)</td>
<td>Describe CEC and how it relates to soil fertility;</td>
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<td>h)</td>
<td>Describe the processes of mineralization and nitrification;</td>
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<td>i)</td>
<td>Identify the forms of N, P, and K taken up by plants;</td>
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<td>j)</td>
<td>List the plant essential macronutrients and provide examples of the role of each of the nutrients in plant physiology;</td>
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<tr>
<td>k)</td>
<td>Identify at least three factors that influence the decomposition of organic matter;</td>
</tr>
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<td>l)</td>
<td>Define the components of the Universal Soil Loss Equation.</td>
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</table>

2011-2012 Report
### Core Competencies

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<tr>
<th>Student</th>
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</table>

**Note:** The numbers represent the number of attempts for satisfying the requirements of the CC
## Forest Soils- Laboratory

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Core Competencies</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
<th>G</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a) Define the components of soil color;</td>
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<td>b) Calculation of bulk density, gravimetric and volumetric water contents, and</td>
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<td>indirect derivation of all of these parameters when given appropriate</td>
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<td>c) Identify soil textural classification based upon percentages of sand, silt,</td>
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<td>d) Calculate the percentages of sand, silt, and clay in a sample based on</td>
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<td>sedimentation analyses;</td>
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<td>e) Identify soil map units (series) using a published soil survey;</td>
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<td>f) Calculate the quantity of N, P, and K present in a mixed fertilizer;</td>
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<td>g) Identify at least three factors that influence the decomposition of organic</td>
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<td>h) Define the components of the Universal Soil Loss Equation and calculate the</td>
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<td>estimated loss of soil given specific conditions;</td>
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<td>i) Describe the mechanisms of soil erosion for both water and wind erosion.</td>
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</table>

**2011-2012 Report**
A. Sample course assessment summary reports

FOR 4823: Integrated Forest Resource Management

Instructor: Dr. Robert Ficklin
Capstone; Offered every spring semester

Core Competencies:

Critical Learning Objectives:
1) Develop team internal objectives and shared assignments.
2) Work cooperatively in a professional manner.
3) Identify landowner objectives.
4) Design and implement comprehensive land and forest inventories including the ability to measure land areas and conduct spatial analyses.
5) Analyze inventory data and project future conditions.
6) Assess abiotic and biotic components of forest ecosystems.
7) Develop silvicultural prescriptions appropriate to management objectives.
8) Develop management plans addressing multiple objectives and constraints.
9) Integrate necessary financial, social and legal aspects into a management plan.
10) Communicate in written and oral formats to both expert and non-expert audiences.

Type of Assessment:

Multiple attempts; students are given up to 4 attempts over the course of the semester to achieve each learning objective.

Student Performance Summary:

Numbers represent mean number of attempts to achieve each learning objective.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>LO2</th>
<th>LO3</th>
<th>LO4</th>
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<td>1.23</td>
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<td>1.11</td>
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</table>
Core Competencies:

a) Describe the nature of different types of soil parent materials;
b) Define the components of soil color;
c) Demonstrate the ability to identify the Order in which a soil belongs based on a full taxonomic description;
d) Identify soil textural classification based upon percentages of sand, silt, and clay;
e) List the factors and processes involved with soil formation;
f) Differentiate between 1:1 and 2:1 clay minerals on the basis of chemical structure;
g) Describe CEC and how it relates to soil fertility;
h) Describe the processes of mineralization and nitrification;
i) Identify the forms of N, P, and K taken up by plants;
j) List the plant essential macronutrients and provide examples of the role of each of the nutrients in plant physiology;
k) Identify at least three factors that influence the decomposition of organic matter;
l) Define the components of the Universal Soil Loss Equation.

Type of Assessment:

Multiple attempts; students are give up to 4 attempts over the course of the semester to achieve each learning objective.

Student Performance Summary:

Numbers represent mean number of attempts to achieve each learning objective.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>LO1</th>
<th>LO2</th>
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<td>1.56</td>
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<td>1.64</td>
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2011-2012 Report
SFR Assessment of Student Learning Examples

Attached are examples of SFR assessment of student learning. Data on SFR learning assessment are analyzed through core competency (CC) linkages that begin from the core competencies for the capstone course—Integrated Forest Resource Management. Attached documents include analyses for one particular student. This student took the capstone course in spring 2012. The “class average” numbers represent mean number of attempts to complete the requirements of a core competency, unless otherwise specified.
FOR 4823 Integrated Res. Planning and Mgt. CC #4:
Design and implement comprehensive land and forest inventories including the ability to measure land areas and conduct spatial analyses

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 2nd of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.29)

Tier 2

SIS 3814 Introduction to GIS, GPS, and Remote Sensing CC #5:
Conduct spatial analyses based on geoprocessing tools (proximity, extract, overlay)

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 3rd of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.36)

Tier 1

FOR 2273 Forest Measurements CC #2:
Gain a better understanding of the mathematical and statistical methodologies used in natural resource management

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 3 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)

FOR 2273 Forest Measurements CC #3:
Learn how to implement sound inventory and sampling methodology of natural resources

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)

FOR 2291 Dendrology CC #2:
Be able to identify a woody species by its fruit (60% accuracy)

The student achieved the requirements of this by scoring 76% (Class average: 86%)

FOR 2291 Dendrology CC #3:
Be able to identify a woody species by its twig characteristics (60% accuracy)

The student achieved the requirements of this by scoring 74% (Class average: 77%)

2011-2012 Report
Student Name: XXXXXXXX XXXX  
Student ID: XXXXXXXXX  
Semester and Year First Enrolled: Fall 2007  
Year of Graduation: May 2012  
Transfer Student? No  
GPA: 2.46

FOR 4823 Integrated Res. Planning and Mgt. CC #5:
Analyze inventory data and project future conditions

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.57)

Tier 2

FOR 4684 Natural Resource Economics/Management CC #7:
Use growth and yield models to project forest conditions to future states

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 2nd of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.28)

Tier 1

FOR 2273 Forest Measurements CC #2:
Gain a better understanding of the mathematical and statistical methodologies used in natural resource management

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 3 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)

FOR 2273 Forest Measurements CC #4:
Gain an ability to use computers when achieving the other objectives

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 3 possible attempts (Class average: 1.2)
Student Name: XXXXXXXX XXXX  
Student ID: XXXXXXXX  
Semester and Year First Enrolled: Fall 2007  
Year of Graduation: May 2012  
Transfer Student? No  
GPA: 2.46

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course Code</th>
<th>Course Title</th>
<th>Requirements Achieved</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FOR 4823</td>
<td>Integrated Res. Planning and Mgt.</td>
<td>Assessed abiotic and biotic components of forest ecosystems. The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 2nd of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.29)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FOR 3592</td>
<td>Forest Hydrology CC #A1: Watersheds Delineation</td>
<td>Watersheds Delineation: Be able to delineate a watershed boundary on a USGS quad map, label the water divide, label the outlet, and determine the watershed order. The student achieved the requirements of this CC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Forest Hydrology CC #A2: Basic Mapping Skills</td>
<td>Basic Mapping Skills: Be able to determine aspect, determine slope, measure stream length, watershed or polygon area, and use map scale. The student achieved the requirements of this CC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Forest Hydrology CC #B2: BMP-SMZ</td>
<td>BMP-SMZ: Students will be able to delineate proper SMZ widths for non-ephemeral streams (Sect. 2.11-.13, p. 9 Arkansas BMP guidelines) and to maintain proper tree density (basal area) in SMZ (Sect. 2.14 p. 92.51 p. 10 Arkansas BMP guidelines). The student achieved the requirements of this CC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Forest Hydrology CC #C3: Stream Classification</td>
<td>Stream Classification: Students will be able to classify streams as perennial, intermittent, or ephemeral based on frequency of stream flow, as well as determine stream order and stream segment order based on stream system characteristics. The student achieved the requirements of this CC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Forest Ecology CC #3:</td>
<td>The student will obtain a basic knowledge of forest ecosystem function including nutrient cycling, stand development, energy capture/flows, and carbon sequestration in forests for 2011-2012 Report</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 2nd of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.57)

**FOR 3513 Forest Ecology CC #4:**
Be able to calculate important ecological indices and parameters.

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 2nd of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.57)

**WLF 4712 Wildlife Management CC #2:**
Apply measures of habitat components to make management decisions

*No data*

**WLF 4712 Wildlife Management CC #5:**
List and describe required habitat components for selected species

*No data*

**FOR 3804 Forest Operations CC #C:**
Be able to calculate the appropriate size of culvert for a stream crossing

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 2nd of 3 possible attempts (Class average: 1.5)

**FOR 3804 Fire CC #10:**
Know how to estimate fuel loading and know the importance of fuel size classes in fire management

*No data*

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Tier 1

**FOR 2033 Forest Soils CC #b:**
Define the components of soil color

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 2.0)

**FOR 2033 Forest Soils CC #d:**
Identify soil textural classification based upon percentages of sand, silt, and clay

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.9)

**FOR 2041 Forest Soils Lab CC #a:**
Define the components of soil color

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)

2011-2012 Report
FOR 2041 Forest Soils Lab CC #b:
Calculation of bulk density, gravimetric and volumetric water contents, and indirect derivation of all these parameters when given appropriate information

*The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.44)*

FOR 2041 Forest Soils Lab CC #c:
Identify soil textural classification based upon percentages of sand, silt, and clay

*The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.11)*

FOR 2041 Forest Soils Lab CC #d:
Calculate the percentages of sand, silt, and clay in a sample based on sedimentation analyses

*The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.22)*
FOR 4823 Integrated Res. Planning and Mgt. CC #7:
 Develop silvicultural prescriptions appropriate to management objectives

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.57)

Tier 2

FOR 4684 Natural Resource Economics/Management CC #8:
 Determine optimal rotations for trees and forest stands

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 2nd of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 2.17)

FOR 4684 Natural Resource Economics/Management CC #9:
 Determine sustainable levels of allowable cut based on volume and area

The student did not achieve the requirements of this CC in 4 possible attempts and needed a remedial attempt (Class average: 2.67)

FOR 4684 Natural Resource Economics/Management CC #11:
 Formulate simple forest-wide harvest schedules and mathematical models

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 3rd of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.5)

FOR 3513 Forest Ecology CC #2:
 The student will be able to adequately summarize and analyze ecological information collected in the field. In addition they will be able to apply ecological concepts to explain variation in forest characteristics and ecosystem attributes

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)

FOR 3804 Forest Operations CC #b:
 Be able to use/create maps to locate areas within a harvest area that are suitable for landings/sets, skid roads, and main roads in compliance with Arkansas Best Management Practices (BMPs) for water quality

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)

FOR 3804 Fire CC #6:

2011-2012 Report
Know and apply suitable firing systems to meet prescribed burn objectives

No data

FOR 3804 Fire CC #7:
Know and apply appropriate smoke management strategies to meet specific burn objectives

No data

FOR 3523 Herbicides CC #10:
Write a herbicide prescription

No data

FOR 4733 Forest Pest Management CC #5:
Know and apply conventional ways of preventing and controlling important pests of southern pines

No data

FOR 4733 Forest Pest Management CC #7:
Know how to use silviculture to your best advantage in developing pest management strategies

No data

Tier 1

FOR 2291 Dendrology II CC #1:
Know and describe the silvical characteristics of the 27 woody species common to the southern U.S.

The student achieved the requirements of this by scoring 79% (Class average: 82%)

FOR 3434 Silviculture CC #6:
Be able to develop and write an herbicide prescription based on the quantity and type of vegetation present

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 3 possible attempts (Class average: 1.1)

FOR 3434 Silviculture CC #7:
Understand the different types of tillage treatments, and know the instances where their application is warranted

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 3 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)
FOR 3434 Silviculture CC #9:
Know and describe the purposes of thinning, and its impact on production, growth and yield

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 3 possible attempts (Class average: 1.1)

FOR 3434 Silviculture CC #10:
Be able to describe (orally) and write a silvicultural system for both naturally and artificially regenerated hardwood and pine species

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 2nd of 3 possible attempts (Class average: 1.35)
FOR 4823 Integrated Res. Planning and Mgt. CC #8:
Develop management plans addressing multiple objectives and constraints

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)

Tier 2

FOR 4684 Natural Resource Economics/Management CC #1:
Make decisions based on marginal costs and benefits

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 2.17)

FOR 4684 Natural Resource Economics/Management CC #12:
Complete an integrated forest planning exercise for a single forest management unit

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)

WLF 4712 Wildlife Management CC #3:
Apply measures of habitat components to make management decisions

No data

WLF 4712 Wildlife Management CC #4:
Identify appropriate population parameters and describe how they should be quantified in order to make population management decisions

No data

WLF 4712 Wildlife Management CC #5:
Utilize information on habitat and population parameters in concert with sociological considerations to suggest appropriate management recommendations

No data

FOR 3804 Forest Operations CC #b:
Be able to use/create maps to locate areas within a harvest area that are suitable for landings/sets, skid roads, and main roads in compliance with Arkansas Best Management Practices (BMPs) for water quality

2011-2012 Report
FOR 3804 Fire CC #11:
Write a prescribed fire plan

FOR 4733 Forest Pest Management CC #4:
Use knowledge of insect, disease, and forest science to formulate pest management strategies

FOR 4003 Natural Resource Policy CC #2:
Ability to distinguish between major federal, state, and local forest resource policies and recognize how these laws and regulations govern the management of forest resources

The student achieved the requirements of this CC by scoring 74% (Class average: 69%)

FOR 3592 Forest Hydrology CC #B3:
BMP-Stream Crossings: Students will be able apply Arkansas BMP guidelines (3.90, 3.91, 3.92, 3.94, 3.95, p 20; Section 12.40, page 45) for installing culverts

The student achieved the requirements of this CC

FOR 3592 Forest Hydrology CC #B4:
BMP- Rolling Dips & Water Bars: Students will understand which of these two erosion control devices should be used for active and inactive roads, distances to use for each portion of the water control device, and out slope angles employed (Section 12.2 & 13.0 Arkansas BMP Guidelines)

The student achieved the requirements of this CC

WLF 4722 Wildlife Ecology CC #B:
Understand population processes that form the basis for applied management

WLF 4722 Wildlife Ecology CC #C:
Be able to apply principles of wildlife populations to specific problems of declining, small, or harvestable populations

Tier 1

FOR 2033 Forest Soils CC #j:
List the plant essential micronutrients and provide examples of the role of each of the nutrients in plant physiology

2011-2012 Report
The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)

**FOR 2033 Forest Soils CC #k:**
Identify at least three factors that influence the decomposition of organic matter

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)

**FOR 2041 Forest Soils Lab CC #e:**
Identify soil map units (series) using a published soil survey

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 2nd of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.11)

2011-2012 Report
FOR 4823 Integrated Res. Planning and Mgt. CC #9:
Integrate necessary financial, social and legal aspects into a management plan

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.43)

Tier 2

FOR 4684 Natural Resource Economics/Management CC #5:
Calculate forest taxes

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.33)

FOR 4684 Natural Resource Economics/Management CC #6:
Value timber and non-timber products

The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 2nd of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.83)

WLF 4712 Wildlife Management CC #5:
Utilize information on habitat and population parameters in concert with sociological considerations to suggest appropriate management recommendations

No data

FOR 3804 Fire CC #8:
Know how to utilize some common methods of preventing wildfires, including using Arkansas’ forest fire laws to your advantage

No data

FOR 4003 Natural Resource Policy CC #2:
Ability to distinguish between major federal, state, and local forest resource policies and recognize how these laws and regulations govern the management of forest resources

The student achieved the requirements of this CC by scoring 74% (Class average: 69%)

FOR 3804 Forest Operations CC #a:

2011-2012 Report
Be able to identify the most cost-effective harvesting system when given equipment, personnel, inventory, and productivity information

*No data*

**FOR 3804 Forest Operations CC #b:**
Be able to use/create maps to locate areas within a harvest area that are suitable for landings/sets, skid roads, and main roads in compliance with Arkansas Best Management Practices (BMPs) for water quality

*No data*

---

**Tier 1**

**FOR 2022 Financial Analysis in Natural Resources CC #1:**
Understand the arithmetic of interest rates and formulate an appropriate hurdle rate

*The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.5)*

**FOR 2022 Financial Analysis in Natural Resources CC #2:**
Calculate the present and future value of a single cash flow

*The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.17)*

**FOR 2022 Financial Analysis in Natural Resources CC #3:**
Calculate the present and future value of a series of cash flows

*The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.5)*

**FOR 2022 Financial Analysis in Natural Resources CC #5:**
Determine a project’s rate of return

*The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)*

**FOR 2022 Financial Analysis in Natural Resources CC #6:**
Determine a project’s net present value and benefit cost ratio

*The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)*

**FOR 2022 Financial Analysis in Natural Resources CC #7:**
Calculate a repeatable project’s equal annual equivalent and soil expectation value

*The student achieved the requirements of this CC in the 1st of 4 possible attempts (Class average: 1.0)*

**FOR 3123 Human Dimensions of Natural Resources CC #2:**

*2011-2012 Report*
Ability to identify how society’s values and choices have shaped use and management of natural resources over time

*The student achieved the requirements of this CC by scoring 79% (Class average: 84.6%)*

**FOR 3123 Human Dimensions of Natural Resources CC #3:**
Ability to recognize the importance of emerging natural resource issues along the wildland-urban interface

*The student achieved the requirements of this CC by scoring 86% (Class average: 86%)*
Appendix III: Program Brochures

2011-2012 Report
The Special Information System Program at UAM will provide graduates with the knowledge and skills needed to meet the growing need in the geographic information systems (GIS) field. The program is focused on preparing students for careers in GIS and related technologies.

What is a Spatial Information System?

A Spatial Information System (SIS) is a comprehensive database of geographic information that can be used for decision-making, planning, and management. It includes data on land use, natural resources, demographics, and other factors that can affect the environment.

The SIS program provides students with a broad range of opportunities to learn about GIS and land surveying. The program is designed to help students develop the skills needed to succeed in a variety of careers, including as GIS technicians, surveyors, environmental scientists, and more.

History of Spatial Information Systems

The School of Forest Resources has a long history of teaching GIS and related technologies. In 1994, the University of Arkansas and the School of Forestry began offering a GIS course to undergraduate students. In 1998, the School of Forestry received funding from the U.S. Geological Survey to establish a GIS laboratory. In 2003, UAM received permanent funding for the GIS program.

Beginnings of Spatial Analysis

The Special Information System Program at UAM was established to meet the growing demand for professionals with expertise in GIS and related technologies. The program is designed to help students develop the skills needed to succeed in a variety of careers, including as GIS technicians, surveyors, environmental scientists, and more.

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The degree in Forest Resources is offered at the University of Arkansas at Monticello and is associated with the statewide Arkansas Forest Resource Center. SPH graduate students may choose to receive their degrees in one of the three concentration areas: Forest Sciences, Spatial Sciences, and Wildlife Ecology and Management. Specific research areas include, but are not limited to:

- Spatial Ecology & Management
- Wildlife Ecology & Management
- Water Quality
- Preventive Fire Ecology
- Wildland-Urban Interface Issues
- Forest-Based Bioremediation
- Social Policy Issues
- Economics of Natural Resource Management
- Special Topics
INTEGRATED NATURAL RESOURCE PLANNING AND MANAGEMENT
FOR 4823 / WLF 4823
SPRING 2012

Lead Instructor: Dr. Robert L. Ficklin 203 SFR
Phone: 460-1692(o); 573-808-2501(h) Email: Ficklin@uamont.edu

Class times: Tuesdays and Thursdays 8:10 to 12:00 CFR Annex
Tuesdays: TBA
Office hours: Tuesdays and Thursdays 8:00 to 10:00am or by appointment

Associate Instructor: Dr. Don White

Required Text: None

Critical Learning Objectives:
1) Develop team internal objectives and shared assignments.
2) Work cooperatively in a professional manner.
3) Identify landowner objectives.
4) Design and implement comprehensive land and forest inventories including the ability to measure land areas and conduct spatial analyses.
5) Analyze inventory data and project future conditions.
6) Assess abiotic and biotic components of forest ecosystems.
7) Develop silvicultural prescriptions appropriate to management objectives.
8) Develop management plans addressing multiple objectives and constraints.
9) Integrate necessary financial, social and legal aspects into a management plan.
10) Communicate in written and oral formats to both expert and non-expert audiences.

Assignments / Grading:
The learning objectives are the criteria by which each assignment will be graded. For each assignment, students will receive a score for each learning objective. The assignments, their weight, and their due dates are listed below (some dates may change as needed for logistical or other reasons).

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<th>Benchmark Assignments</th>
<th>Points</th>
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<th>Learning objectives</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Team guidelines and working plan</td>
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<td>1, 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>2) Inventory plan</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>01/31</td>
<td>2, 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>3) First oral presentation to faculty</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>02/23</td>
<td>3, 4, 10</td>
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<tr>
<td>4) Forest inventory results</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>03/06</td>
<td>3, 4</td>
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<tr>
<td>5) Detailed forest health / protection analyses</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>03/08</td>
<td>4, 5, 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6) Detailed wildlife management analyses</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>03/15</td>
<td>4, 5, 6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7) Silvicultural prescriptions / growth projections</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>03/29</td>
<td>5, 7, 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8) Financial analyses for all management activities</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>04/10</td>
<td>5, 7, 8, 9</td>
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<tr>
<td>9) Written management plan</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>04/19</td>
<td>10</td>
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<tr>
<td>10) Second oral presentation to faculty</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>04/26</td>
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<tr>
<td>11) Landowner presentation</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>05/01</td>
<td>10</td>
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<tr>
<td>12) Peer assessment</td>
<td></td>
<td>05/03</td>
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Spring Break: March 19th to the 23rd
Final Exam: May 3rd, (Thursday)

Grading Scale:  
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>A</td>
<td>90+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>80 – 89</td>
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<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>70-79</td>
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<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>60-69</td>
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<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>&lt; 60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Course Policies
1. This class will not meet every Tuesday and Thursday. However, student attendance at formal class meetings is required.
2. Management plans handed in up to 3 days past the due date will be accepted, with a deduction of 20 points per day. Plans that are more than 3 days late will not be accepted.
3. Professors will not tolerate groups that do not work together and complete their assignments.
4. If you have difficulties or problems, do not wait to seek advice and assistance. If the group cannot perform its assigned duties, the likelihood of completing the management plan will not be good. Work well together and enjoy the project!

Notes
1. It is the policy of the University of Arkansas-Monticello to accommodate individuals with disabilities pursuant to federal law and the University’s commitment to equal educational opportunities. It is the responsibility of the student to inform the instructor of any necessary accommodations at the beginning of the course. Any student requiring accommodations should contact the Office of Special Student Services located in the southeast corner of the Student Services Center, phone 870-460-1154; TDD 870-460-1251; fax 870-460-1810.
2. Students in the School of Forest Resources are pursuing courses of study that prepare them for careers as natural resource professionals. Professional education is much more than technical training and encompasses professional resource education as well as general education, social science and humanities courses. Collectively, these subjects constitute professional education.

Since the School is dedicated to professional education rather than technical training, the faculty and staff have certain expectations of themselves and of SFR students with regard to professionalism and personal conduct in their preparation for careers in the natural resource professions. Thus, SFR students and faculty are expected to exhibit conduct and attitudes appropriate to professionals.

Conduct and attitudes appropriate for professionals include, but are not restricted to,
-- the UAM Code of Student Conduct published in the University catalog,
-- attitudes appropriate for resource professionals of the 21st Century:
  a. respect for others and for their ideas;
  b. appreciation for ethnic and gender diversity in the workplace;
  c. sensitivity to environmental quality;
  d. adherence to professional ethics, e.g., the Society of American Foresters Code of Ethics.

Instructors reserve the right to reduce student grades or withdraw the students from class for unprofessional behavior.

3. Cheating and plagiarism in any aspect of this class are not acceptable. Students involved in these activities may receive a zero for a particular assignment, or may be removed from the course with a failing grade (see accompanying pages).
4. Disorderly conduct is defined in the student handbook as "any behavior that disrupts the regular or normal functions of the University community, including behavior which breaches the peace or
violates the rights of others”. This action is prohibited under the Student Conduct Code. Disorderly conduct or disruptive behavior will not be tolerated in the School of Forest Resources. Such conduct may result in dismissal from classes.

**Cheating and Plagiarism Requirement**

**Cheating**: The possession, receipt, use, buying or selling, or furnishing of unauthorized help while doing any of the following, but not limited to:
- assignments
- reports
- term papers
- quizzes
- tests
- providing answers
- homework (e.g., copying homework assignments and/or answers)
- use of pre-programmed calculators (e.g., formulas)

When in doubt about the acceptance of providing or getting help for the activities mentioned above, consult your instructor.

**Plagiarism**: The use of writings, concepts, or thoughts of another, which are specific information and not common knowledge, without acknowledging the source(s). As used above, another is any of the following, but not limited to:
- any person
- any text from a book, journal, magazine, or other printed material
- any electronic source (internet source, word document file, or any digital data)

Examples of common knowledge compared to specific information are:
- The sun will rise tomorrow is common knowledge.
- The sun will rise at 6:01 a.m. on 1 July 2004 (NWS 2003) is specific knowledge.
- Florida, as a retirement state, has a lot of older people is common knowledge.
- As of 2002, 2,854,838 people over the age of 65 lived in Florida (U.S. Census Bureau 2003) is specific knowledge.

Direct quotations should be indicated using quotation marks and proper acknowledgement of the source. Paraphrasing is the use of writings, concepts, or thoughts of another rephrased in your words that captures the meaning of the original author. Cite the source of paraphrases also.

**Examples using quotations and paraphrasing:**

**The original text from Leopold (1933) reads**: In hoofed mammals there is so far no visible evidence of any density limit except the carrying capacity of food.

**Correct direct quotation reads**: “In hoofed mammals there is so far no visible evidence of any density limit except the carrying capacity of food.” (Leopold 1933)

**Correct paraphrase reads**: Ungulates are density-dependent only in relation to forage (Leopold 1933).

**Plagiarized/incorrect quote reads**: In hoofed mammals there is so far no visible evidence of any density limit except the carrying capacity of food.
Plagiarized/incorrect paraphrase may read: Ungulates are density-dependent only in relation to forage.

Other examples of plagiarism include, but are not limited to:
- Failing to provide a reference (attribution).
- Copying graphics and pictures from the internet without a reference (attribution).
- Paraphrasing without a reference (attribution).
- Submitting someone else’s work.

When in doubt about plagiarism consult your instructor.

TEAM GUIDELINES AND WORKING PLAN

Each team needs to have a “work plan” that sets a schedule for when work items are going to be done. It also should allocate resources, in particular, personnel time, to specific tasks.

Work plan contents

1) Names and full contact information for every team member (phone numbers, e-mail addresses)
2) Agreed upon time for meeting on a regular basis for working on the plan. You don’t have to meet at the exact same time each week, but if it is going to vary, you should schedule it in advance. In the work plan that you will present to me, I want a calendar that shows your planned work schedule for the entire semester.
3) Agreed upon total hours of expected work per week by each team member.
4) Weekly schedule and goals for work completed on a weekly basis.
5) Major task assignments and personnel allocated to completing that task. You may designate 1 or more members to a task; you may also indicate a sub-team leader. For example, you might say, “Collecting digital soil maps and aerial photographs are assigned to John Doe (leader) and Jane Doe and will be completed by January 22nd.”
6) You may also discuss how to deal with absentee team members or team members that are not meeting expected and agreed upon obligations.
7) Signatures of all team members indicating that they agree to this work plan.

This is a planning tool. I know that you won’t follow it exactly, but it is a starting point that gets you to all agree, as a team, how much time you will spend collectively, how you will break up the project into sub-tasks, when you will get things done, and how you will deal with conflict.

GUIDELINES FOR YOUR MANAGEMENT PLAN

These guidelines are to help you organize and structure your written report. Note that the maximum length of the final plan is 50 pages (not counting appendices and other supporting materials).

1. TIME HORIZON: 10 YEARS.

Your management plan should cover actions and activities for a 10-year period. You should be able to describe the projected state of the forest at the end of your 10-year plan.

It is important to remember that some financial decisions will require you to estimate the bare-land value of your property in order to make correct decisions about the timing of timber harvests. So,
while your plan only extends 10 years into the future, supporting analyses will have to estimate at least 1 full rotation into the future.

2. COPIES OF FINAL PLAN

Each team must prepare two copies of their plan. One copy will be given to the landowner; the second copy will be retained by the University. Should team members want their own copy of their plan to keep, the team must make those additional copies. You should also include a CD with an electronic version of the plan with each of the two required copies of the plan. The CD should be appropriately labeled and attached to the final document in a pocket holder or other arrangement so that it is not easily lost.

3. FIELD EQUIPMENT

Necessary field equipment can be checked out from UAM School Forester Mr. Bobby Webb.

4. GUIDELINES FOR PRINTING THE PLANNING DOCUMENT

The management plan is to have no more than 50 pages of line-and-a-half spaced text. Tables, figures, the plan budget, and the list of references are excluded from this 20 page text limit. The management document is written for the LANDOWNER, not for the FACULTY. If the landowner is not a forestry expert, you will have to present technical material is such a way that the landowner can understand the material.

Other requirements for the final document:

- Font size should be 12 point, use Times New Roman font for ALL text, tables, and figures.
- Use 1-inch margins for all pages, paper should be white, 8 ½ by 11 inch.
- All pages should be numbered at the bottom center of each page.
- Paper does not need to be archive quality – text can be on regular copy-quality paper. If you have color prints or graphs, you should use paper for color prints.
- Put tables and figures on separate sheet of paper in the report. All tables and figures must be numbered and have a title. Remember, table titles go at the top of the table and figure titles go at the bottom of a figure. Tables and figures should be located on the page closest to their first reference in the text.
- Your management plan should list citations and references of important work in a “References” section that is part of your management plan. If you have required material (i.e. pesticide labels), you should include them as PDF files on a CD.
- Reports should be bound together. Three-ring binders are acceptable, but should be of high-quality and be neat and clean in appearance.

You will need to provide 2 copies of the report, so make sure you plan enough time to make copies and print everything out. Printers run out of toner, paper, and are known to jam if you are trying to put everything together at the last minute. Allowances will NOT be made for these problems – you should plan around them and be prepared! Print color maps and figures out early and keep clean copies of them. You can print page numbers on figures after they have been printed by re-running them through a printer.
By typing or signing your name in the box below, you are stating, without condition, your compliance with the following in regard to all required coursework:

(1.) all aspects of the UA-M Conduct Code have been followed with respect to all assignments, laboratory reports, or exams to be completed during this semester;

(2.) the work you submit is yours and yours alone unless part of a group assignment or group laboratory report;

(3.) you will not cheat or plagiarize at any time while completing your assignments, laboratory reports, or exams; and

(4.) for exams, you will not discuss their content with any other student in the class until all students have completed the exam and the answers are made available.

Violation of any or all of these conditions, whether they are discovered or witnessed before, during, or after any assignments, laboratory reports, or exams have been taken and/or completed and submitted for grade, will constitute a violation of the UA-M conduct code and will be reported to and punishable by the UA-M Judicial System. The process is initiated through the Dean’s office.

Signing or printing your name on assignments, lab reports, and exams during this semester means that you understand what you signed today in class and will be liable for your actions.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Signature:</th>
<th>Date:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Printed Name:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*See the body of the syllabus for definitions and examples.*
SIS Practicum (SIS 4883)
(3 credits)

INSTRUCTORS:
Dr. Robert E. Kissell, Jr.
213 Forest Resources Complex
PHONE: 870-460-1192
Email: kissell@uamont.edu

Mr. Tom Jacobs
101C Forest Resources Complex
PHONE: 870-460-1694
jacobst@uamont.edu

OFFICE HOURS:
by appointment

Time and Location: M 12:10 - 1:00 pm; Room TBA

Course Prerequisites:
Prerequisites: SIS 3843, SIS 4183 (can be taken concurrently), and SIS senior standing.

Required Text:
None.

Course Description:
An integrated problem solving course to apply geographic information systems (GIS), remote sensing, global positioning systems (GPS), and surveying to solve real-world problems. Students will work with an organization or federal, state, private, or non-profit agency using spatial technologies in their area of specialization to complete a project for that agency. Students will be involved in supervised decision-making and problem-solving activities. Students will provide a formal presentation of their project at the end of the semester.

Objectives:
This is a capstone course to give students an opportunity to integrate their knowledge in a supervised problem-solving environment. Students will accomplish the following objectives by the end of the semester:

1) Solve spatial-related problems and think independently.
2) Establish professional networks and contacts with an agency or organization.
3) Work with instructors and other professionals to apply knowledge and skills learned in previous courses to solve a real-world spatial problem.
4) Develop organization, time-management, and leadership skills.
5) Creatively and professionally communicate results of project to faculty, peers, and professionals in an oral and written form.

Core Competencies:
The following core competencies have been identified as important for this course. All students are required to complete each of the competencies listed below during the semester. At least 2 opportunities will be provided to demonstrate that objectives have been met. Demonstration of core competencies does not guarantee a certain grade, but will likely result in a better grade. Given a course grade of "C" or better has been earned, failure to demonstrate all objectives will result in one of two actions which will be determined by the instructor:

1. A course grade of "D" regardless of the overall average, or
2. A course grade of "I" which will be converted to the letter grade earned after all competencies have been demonstrated; the time limit is at the discretion of the instructor, but will not exceed 2 weeks.
Competencies
1) Meet scheduled goals on time
2) Demonstrate organization (in oral and written form)
3) Exhibit professionalism
4) Provide professional presentations
5) Provide professional, written products

Course Grading and Evaluation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Points</th>
<th>% of grade</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Clarity of goals/timeline</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reports (oral and written) submitted at mid-term</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formal oral presentation</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Written report and final product</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Grading Scale:
Final course grades will be assigned as follows:
- 90-100% of points: A
- 80-89% of points: B
- 70-79% of points: C
- 60-69% of points: D
- 0-59% of points: F

Issuance of Grades:
UAM will no longer mail reports to all students. You may access your grades through Campus Connect on the UAM homepage, [http://www.uamont.edu/](http://www.uamont.edu/). To have your grades mailed to you, complete the grade request form available in the Registrar’s Office.

Tentative Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Week</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Holiday</td>
<td>1-17/2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practicum Assignment and Discussion</td>
<td>1-23/3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Topics and Description</td>
<td>1-30/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flowcharts, Project Methods, Timeline and Goals/Tasks Report</td>
<td>2-6/5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Work</td>
<td>2-13/6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Week set aside for move</td>
<td>2-20/7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Work</td>
<td>2-27/8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Presentation quality and delivery</td>
<td>3-5/9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student progress presentations</td>
<td>3-12/10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spring Break</td>
<td>3-19/11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Draft Report and peer-review</td>
<td>3-26/12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Work</td>
<td>4-2/13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Project Work</td>
<td>4-9/14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lessons Learned and Debriefing</td>
<td>4-16/15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Formal Presentation of Project</td>
<td>4-23/16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Written Report Due (no later than 12:30 am)</td>
<td>4-30/17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final Exams</td>
<td>5-2-5-8/18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Other Information:
Students with Disabilities:
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Disorderly Conduct:
Disorderly conduct is defined in the student handbook as; “any behavior which disrupts the regular or normal functions of the university community, including behavior which breaches the peace or violates the rights of others”. Disorderly conduct or disruptive behavior will not be tolerated in the School of Forest Resources and may result in the dismissal from classes.

SCHOOL OF FOREST RESOURCES
UNIVERSITY OF ARKANSAS – MONTICELLO
PROFESSIONALISM STATEMENT
Students in the School of Forest Resources are pursuing courses of study that prepare them for careers as natural resources professionals. Professional education is much more than technical training and encompasses professional resource education as well as general education, social science and humanities courses. Collectively, these subjects constitute professional education.

Since the School is dedicated to professional education rather than technical training, the faculty and staff have certain expectations of themselves and of SFR students with regard to professionalism and personal conduct in their preparation for careers in the natural resource professions. Thus, SFR students and faculty are expected to exhibit conduct and attitudes appropriate to professionals.

Conduct and attitudes appropriate for professionals include, but are not restricted to,

1. The UA-M Code of Student Conduct published in the University catalog,
2. Attitudes appropriate for resource professionals of the 21st Century:
   a. Respect for others and for their ideas;
   b. Appreciation for ethnic and gender diversity in the workplace;
   c. Sensitivity to environmental quality;
   d. Adherence to professional ethics.

Instructors reserve the right to reduce student grades or withdraw the student from class for unprofessional behavior.

CHEATING AND PLAGIARISM:
Cheating: The possession, receipt, use, buying or selling, or furnishing of unauthorized help while doing any of the following, but not limited to:
   - Assignments
   - Reports
   - Term papers
   - quizzes
   - Tests
   - providing answers
   - Homework (e.g., copying homework assignments and/or answers)
   - Use of pre-programmed calculators (e.g., formulas)
When in doubt about the acceptance of providing or getting help for the activities mentioned above, consult your instructor.

**Plagiarism:** The use of writings, concepts, or thoughts of another, which are specific information and not common knowledge, without acknowledging the source(s). As used above, another is any of the following, but not limited to:
- Any person
- Any text from a book, journal, magazine, or other printed material
- Any electronic source (internet source, word document file, or any digital data)

Examples of common knowledge compared to specific information are:
- The sun will rise tomorrow is common knowledge.
- The sun will rise at 6:01 a.m. on 1 July 2004 (NWS 2003) is specific knowledge.
- Florida, as a retirement state, has a lot of older people is common knowledge.
- As of 2002, 2,854,838 people over the age of 65 lived in Florida (U.S. Census Bureau 2003) is specific knowledge.

Direct quotations should be indicated using quotation marks and proper acknowledgement of the source. Paraphrasing is the use of writings, concepts, or thoughts of another rephrased in your words that captures the meaning of the original author. Cite the source of paraphrases also.

Examples using quotations and paraphrasing:
The original text from Leopold (1933) reads: In hoofed mammals there is so far no visible evidence of any density limit except the carrying capacity of food.

Correct direct quotation reads: “In hoofed mammals there is so far no visible evidence of any density limit except the carrying capacity of food.” (Leopold 1933)

Correct paraphrase reads: Ungulates are density-dependent only in relation to forage (Leopold 1933).

Plagiarized/incorrect quote reads: In hoofed mammals there is so far no visible evidence of any density limit except the carrying capacity of food.

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Other examples of plagiarism include, but are not limited to:
- Failing to provide a reference (attribution).
- Copying graphics and pictures from the internet without a reference (attribution).
- Paraphrasing without a reference (attribution).
- Submitting someone else’s work.

When in doubt about plagiarism consult your instructor.
Compliance Agreement for SIS 4883:

By signing your name in the box below, you are stating without condition, your compliance with the following in regard to all coursework and course requirements for SIS 3814:

1. All aspects of the UAM Code of Conduct have been followed with respect to all assignments, laboratory reports, or exams to be completed during the semester;

2. The work you submit is yours and yours alone unless part of a group assignment or group laboratory report;

3. You will not cheat* or plagiarize* at any time while completing your assignments, laboratory reports, or exams; and

4. For exams, you will not discuss their content with any other student in the class until all students have completed the exam and the answers are made available.

Violations of any or all of these conditions, whether they are discovered or witnessed before, during, or after any assignments, laboratory reports, or exams have been taken and/or completed and submitted for grade, will constitute a violation of the UAM conduct code and will be reported to and punishable by the UAM Judicial System. The process is initiated through the Dean’s Office.

Signing or printing your name assignments, lab reports, and exams during this semester means that you understand what you signed in class today and will be liable for your actions.

Signature: ____________________________ Date: ____________________________

* See the previous page for definitions and examples.
Instructor
Dr. Heidi Adams, Adjunct Professor of Wildlife Ecology
Office: Forest Resources Building, Room 217
Office Phone: (870) 460 – 1948
Email: adamsh@uamont.edu

Office Hours
My office hours are 9:15 – 11:00 AM on Monday and Wednesday. However, my office is open to students at any time that I am not in class, at lunch, or out of town. Please come by when you have questions or need assistance. Also, feel free to contact me via email.

Course Description
This course will focus on the management of wildlife habitat and populations for both animal and human benefits. We will discuss several key ecological concepts that underlie applied wildlife ecology. I will emphasize the evaluation and manipulation of habitat quantity and quality, and will stress the fundamental wildlife population characteristics critical for effective management.

Pre-requisite
Junior standing or permission from the instructor.

Recommended Texts

Student Learning Objectives
Upon successfully completing this course, you should be able to:
1. Express ecological concepts underlying wildlife management.
2. Recognize the influence of selected management practices on wildlife habitat quality.
3. Describe the habitat requirements for selected wildlife species and species groups.
4. Describe basic concepts of applied population ecology.
**Students with Disabilities**

It is the policy of the University of Arkansas-Monticello to accommodate individuals with disabilities pursuant to federal law and the University’s commitment to equal educational opportunities. It is the responsibility of the student to inform the instructor of any necessary accommodations at the beginning of the course. Any student requiring accommodations should contact the Office of Special Student Services located in Harris Hall, Room 120, phone 870–460-1026; TDD 870-460-1626; or fax 870-460-1926.

**Course Policies and Procedures**

Students will be responsible for all material covered in class, as well as any outside reading assignments, regardless of attendance. Reports and other assignments will not be accepted if submitted after the assignment is due unless prior arrangements are made. No exams or quizzes may be made up unless I am notified prior to the absence, emergencies exempted. Three unexcused absences will result in a letter grade reduction of a student’s overall course grade. A sixth unexcused absence will result in a student receiving a grade no higher than “D”.

Cheating and plagiarism on any work done in this course will not be tolerated. Cheating and plagiarism are violations of the UAM Student Handbook Academic Conduct Code. Penalties for cheating or plagiarism can range from a zero on the assignment to a letter grade (or more) reduction of a student’s overall course grade. Additionally, cheating or plagiarism can result in the student being expelled from the course with a failing grade.

Disorderly conduct is defined in the student handbook as; "any behavior which disrupts the regular or normal functions of the University community, including behavior which breaches the peace or violates the rights of others". This action is prohibited under the Student Conduct Code. Disorderly conduct or disruptive behavior will not be tolerated in this class. Such conduct may result in the student being dismissed from class and expelled from the course with a failing grade.

**Professionalism Statement**

Students in the School of Forest Resources (SFR) at the University of Arkansas-Monticello are pursuing courses of study that prepare them for careers as natural resource professionals. Professional education is much more than technical training and humanities courses. Collectively, these subjects constitute professional education. Since the School is dedicated to professional education rather than technical training, the faculty and staff have certain expectations of themselves and of SFR students with regard to professionalism and personal conduct in their preparation for careers in the natural resource professions. Thus, SFR students and faculty are expected to exhibit conduct and attitudes appropriate to professionals.

Conduct and attitudes appropriate for professionals include, but are not restricted to: the UAM Code of Student Conduct published in the University catalog and attitudes appropriate for resource professionals of the 21st Century: namely, 1) respect for others and for their ideas, 2) appreciation for ethnic and gender diversity in the workplace, 3) sensitivity to environmental quality, and 4) adherence to professional ethics (e.g., The Wildlife Society Code of Ethics).
Instructors reserve the right to reduce student grades for unprofessional behavior. Disorderly conduct or disruptive behavior will not be tolerated in the School of Forest Resources. Such conduct may result in dismissal from classes.

**Course Requirements**

*Exams:* During the semester, there will be three lecture exams. Each will cover material discussed in class, as well as any outside reading assignments, since the previous examination.

*Quizzes:* During the semester, there will be three regularly scheduled quizzes covering material in recent classes and assigned readings.

*Reading Assignments:* There will be seven reading assignments during the semester. For each assignment, there will be a selected paper related to a topic covered in class. Read the paper, then type a one-page report summarizing the paper and how useful the paper is to the field of wildlife management. You will not be graded on your opinion, but rather how well you defend it. You will have approximately 1½ weeks to complete each assignment. Due dates for each assignment are listed in the course schedule and will also be announced during class.

*Species-specific Management Literature Review:* Each student will be expected to prepare a 8-10 page literature review on the management of a wildlife species of their choice. (Students will select their species on August 31st in class.) Information for this literature review should include species distribution, migration patterns, required habitat, breeding and non-breeding behavior, demography (e.g., breeding activity, life span, survivorship, population status), and conservation and management strategies. This review should have 12-15 citations. Each student should also prepare an 8-10 minute power point presentation about their species which will be given during the course’s scheduled final exam time (December 15th, 1:30-3:30 PM).

**Grading**

To receive a grade of “C” or better in this course, certain core competencies (see below) must be demonstrated on exams, quizzes, and reports. Core competencies are linked to the course learning objectives and are used to assess and individual’s competency of key course components. They must be proven and/or demonstrated to receive a grade above a “D”. In other words, regardless of the points you receive on exams, quizzes, and reports, the best grade you are entitled to receive if not all core competencies have been met is a “D”. However, demonstration of core competencies does not guarantee any particular grade, although mastery of core competencies during the semester will likely result in a better grade. During the semester, students will have at least two opportunities to demonstrate each core competency. After meeting all core competency requirements, a student will receive a grade as outlined below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Points</th>
<th>% of Points</th>
<th>Grade</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lecture Exams (3)</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>89.5 – 100</td>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quizzes (3)</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>79.5 – 89.4</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reading Assignments</td>
<td>175</td>
<td>69.5 – 79.4</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Literature Review</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>59.5 – 69.4</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>650</td>
<td>0 – 59.4</td>
<td>F</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note: UAM will no longer mail grade reports to all students. You may access your grades through WeevilNet on the UAM homepage, [http://www.uamont.edu/](http://www.uamont.edu/).

To have your grades mailed to you, complete the grade request form available in the Registrar’s Office in Monticello or the Student Services offices in Crossett and McGehee.

**Core Competencies**

In order to receive a grade of “C” or better in this course, you must correctly demonstrate the ability to:

1. Describe the importance of ecological succession to wildlife management. (LO12,3)
2. Describe important parameters used to characterize wildlife habitat. (LO1,2,3)
3. List and describe required habitat components for selected species. (LO3)
4. Identify and describe factors that influence the critical parameters associated with population change over time. (LO4)
5. Explain density-dependent harvest management principles and concepts. (LO4)

**Course Schedule**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lecture/Date</th>
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<th>Assignments &amp; Readings</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Aug. 24</td>
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<tr>
<td>2) Aug. 29</td>
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<td>3) Aug. 31</td>
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<td>4) Sept. 7</td>
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<td>7) Sept. 19</td>
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<td>9) Sept. 26</td>
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<td>10) Sept. 28</td>
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<td>Oct. 3</td>
<td><em>Exam #1: Covers Lectures 1-10</em></td>
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<tr>
<td>11) Oct. 5</td>
<td>Landscape Ecology</td>
<td>Read. Assgn. #4 - Due 10/17</td>
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<td>Lecture Topic</td>
<td>Assignments &amp; Readings</td>
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<tr>
<td>13) Oct. 12</td>
<td>Managing Grasslands for Wildlife</td>
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<tr>
<td>14) Oct. 17</td>
<td>Managing Forests for Wildlife</td>
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<td>15) Oct. 19</td>
<td>Managing Wetlands for Wildlife</td>
<td>Quiz #2; Read. Assgn. #5 - Due 10/31</td>
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<td>16) Oct. 24</td>
<td>Managing Agroecosystems for Wildlife</td>
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<td>17) Oct. 26</td>
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<td>18) Oct. 31</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nov. 2</td>
<td><strong>Exam #2: Covers Lectures 11-19</strong></td>
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<td>19) Nov. 7</td>
<td>Managing Mammalian Populations</td>
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<td>20) Nov. 9</td>
<td>Managing White-tailed Deer</td>
<td>Read. Assgn. #6 - Due 11/21</td>
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<td>21) Nov. 14</td>
<td>Managing Upland Avian Populations</td>
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<td>22) Nov. 16</td>
<td>Bobwhite Habitat Management</td>
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<tr>
<td>23) Nov. 21</td>
<td>Managing Waterfowl Populations</td>
<td>Read. Assgn. #7 - Due 11/30</td>
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<td>24) Nov. 23</td>
<td>Managing Nongame &amp; Endangered Species</td>
<td>Quiz #3</td>
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<td>Nov. 28</td>
<td><strong>Thanksgiving - No Class</strong></td>
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<td>25) Nov. 30</td>
<td>Managing Exotic &amp; Invasive Species</td>
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<td>26) Dec. 5</td>
<td>Feral Hogs: An Invasive Species</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dec. 7</td>
<td><strong>Exam #3 - Covers Lectures 19-26</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Dec. 15</td>
<td><strong>Review Presentations (1:30-3:30 PM)</strong></td>
<td>Reports Due at Start of Class</td>
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**Cheating and Plagiarism Requirement**

*Cheating:* the possession, receipt, use, buying or selling, or furnishing of unauthorized help while doing any of the following, but not limited to:

- assignments
- reports
- term papers
- quizzes
- tests
- providing answers
- homework (e.g., copying homework assignments and/or answers)
- use of pre-programmed calculators (e.g., formulas)
When in doubt about the acceptance of providing or getting help for the activities mentioned above, consult your instructor.

**Plagiarism:** the use of writings, concepts, or thoughts of another, which are specific information and not common knowledge, without acknowledging the source(s); as used above, another is any of the following, but not limited to:

- any person
- any text from a book, journal, magazine, or other printed material
- any electronic source (internet source, word document file, or any digital data)

Examples of common knowledge compared to specific information are:

- The sun will rise tomorrow is common knowledge.
- The sun will rise at 6:01 a.m. on 1 July 2004 (NWS 2003) is specific knowledge.
- Florida, as a retirement state, has a lot of older people is common knowledge.
- As of 2002, 2,854,838 people over the age of 65 lived in Florida (U.S. Census Bureau 2003) is specific knowledge.

Direct quotations should be indicated using quotation marks and proper acknowledgement of the source. Paraphrasing is the use of writings, concepts, or thoughts of another rephrased in your words that captures the meaning of the original author. Cite the source of paraphrases also.

Examples using quotations and paraphrasing…

The original text from Leopold (1933) reads: In hoofed mammals there is so far no visible evidence of any density limit except the carrying capacity of food.

Correct direct quotation reads: “In hoofed mammals there is so far no visible evidence of any density limit except the carrying capacity of food.” (Leopold 1933)

Correct paraphrase reads: Ungulates are density-dependent only in relation to forage (Leopold 1933).

Plagiarized/incorrect quote reads: In hoofed mammals there is so far no visible evidence of any density limit except the carrying capacity of food.

Plagiarized/incorrect paraphrase may read: Ungulates are density-dependent only in relation to forage.

Other examples of plagiarism include, but are not limited to:

- Failing to provide a reference (attribution)
- Copying graphics and pictures from the internet without a reference (attribution)
- Paraphrasing without a reference (attribution)
- Submitting someone else’s work

When in doubt about plagiarism consult your instructor.
By signing your name in the box below, you are stating, without condition, your compliance with the following in regard to all required coursework:

(1) all aspects of the UAM Conduct Code have been followed with respect to all assignments, reports, quizzes, or exams to be completed during this semester;

(2) the work you submit is yours and yours alone unless part of a group assignment or group report;

(3) you will not cheat or plagiarize at any time while completing your assignments, reports, quizzes, or exams; and

(4) for exams, you will not discuss their content with any other student in the class until all students have completed the exam and the answers are made available.

Violation of any or all of these conditions, whether they are discovered or witnessed before, during, or after any assignments, reports, quizzes, or exams have been taken and/or completed and submitted for grade, will constitute a violation of the UAM conduct code and will be reported to and punishable by the UAM Judicial System. The process is initiated through the Dean’s office.

Signing or printing your name on assignments, lab reports, and exams during this semester means that you understand what you signed today in class and will be liable for your actions.

_________________________________________  __________________________
Signature                                      Date
Wildlife Management  
WLF 4712  
Course Syllabus  

Fall 2011, MW, 8:10 – 9:00 AM, CFR Room 209

By signing your name in the box below, you are stating, without condition, your compliance with the following in regard to all required coursework:

(1) all aspects of the UAM Conduct Code have been followed with respect to all assignments, reports, quizzes, or exams to be completed during this semester;

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______________________________  _________________________
Signature  Date
FOR 4684 Natural Resource Economics and Management
Last updated: Wednesday, August 24, 2011

Instructor: Dr. Matthew H. Pelkki Office: Rm 204 Chamberlin Bldg.
Phone: 460-1949 (office) 723-3779 (cell) E-mail: PELKKI@uamont.edu
This syllabus can be found on the web at: http://www.afrc.uamont.edu/pelkkim/teaching.htm

COURSE MEETING TIMES AND LOCATION: T Th 1100 – 1230 CFC 208
T 1340 – 1630 CFC 210

PREREQUISITES / CO-REQUISITES
Prerequisites: FOR 2022 Financial Analysis of Natural Resources, FOR 3434 Silviculture. ECON 2213
(Micro Economics) or equivalent, MATH 1073 (Compact Calculus) or equivalent, and
FOR 3353 (Biometrics in NR) or equivalent.

COURSE DESCRIPTION AND PHILOSOPHY
Forestry as a profession is founded not only on ecological principles but also on an understanding of human
economic needs and how forest resources are used to meet those needs. Students will learn how markets
distribute forest resources, how market failures affect resource distribution and how governments intervene to
correct for market failures. Students will integrate silviculture, finance, mensuration, and human dimensions in
the understanding and development of stand-level and forest-level planning and management. Students will be
introduced to these concepts through reading, lectures, and laboratory exercises; students will have the
opportunity to demonstrate their grasp of the material through homework assignments, a management exercise,
and examinations.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES
Students will, by the end of the semester, be able to:
(LO1) make decisions based on marginal costs and benefits,
(LO2) construct supply and demand curves for forest products,
(LO3) recognize market structures and understand supply and demand interaction
(LO4) recognize market failures in natural resource economies and effects of government interventions,
(LO5) calculate forest taxes,
(LO6) value timber and non-timber products,
(LO7) use growth and yield models to project forest conditions to future states,
(LO8) determine optimal rotations for trees and forest stands,
(LO9) determine sustainable levels of allowable cut based on volume and area,
(LO10) compare forest planning and administration in public and private settings,
(LO11) formulate simple forest-wide harvest schedules and mathematical models,
(LO12) complete an integrated forest planning exercise for a single forest management unit.

REQUIRED TEXTS

OFFICE HOURS AND HOW TO REACH ME
My formal office hours are on Tuesday and Thursday, from 1000-1100 hours. If you cannot see me during
this time, come to my office anyway. If am free at the moment, great! If I’m busy, we can set an appointment
at the soonest convenient time for both parties. If you don’t find me in my office and you need help, please
leave a message! Answering student questions is important to me! I have voice mail at work and on my mobile
phone, and E-mail. You can text me at my mobile phone number as well. I will return your call or message as
soon as possible.

Page 1 of 6
ASSIGNMENTS AND GRADING

Learning objectives. In order to closely assess each student’s progress towards the 12 learning objectives, students will have multiple opportunities to demonstrate understanding in each learning objective throughout the semester. These opportunities will come through homework assignments, quizzes, and examinations. Problems used to designate understanding of a learning objective will be indicated on the assignment. All students are required to demonstrate proficiency in all 12 learning objectives at least once in the semester. Failure to demonstrate proficiency in each of the learning objectives will result in one of two options that are at the discretion of the instructor:

1) A course grade of “D” regardless of the overall average
2) A course grade of “I” which can be converted to the letter grade earned by the student (see the scale below) for all work when the student completes the necessary learning objectives through additional assignments. The time limit for this option is 4 weeks from the date of the final examination.

Course grade. For students that have demonstrated an understanding of each of the learning objectives, their course letter grade is determined by their overall average on the following assignments given during the semester:

- 1. Pretest on pre-requisites (first lab) 6%
- 2. Homework Assignments (10 at 3% each) 30%
- 3. Mid-term examinations (3 at 10% each) 30%
- 4. Forest management exercise 10%
- 5. Final Examination (1 at 24%) 24%

Course grades are assigned according to the scale below, without exceptions!

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>90 – 100%</td>
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<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>80 - 89.99%</td>
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<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>70 - 79.99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>60 – 69.99%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>&lt; 60%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

COURSE WEB PAGE

Important course information is located on the Internet. You are responsible for downloading and printing your own copies of handouts and assignments. You may also want to look at keys and you may print these out as well to assist you in studying for examinations.

http://www.afrc.uamont.edu/pelkkim/teaching.htm

COURSE POLICIES

1. Excused Absences. Excused absences include: 1) illness of the student, 2) serious illness or death of a family member, 3) official college trips, and 4), major religious holidays. For categories 1 and 2, I must be notified within 1 week of the absence, and verification may be required. For category 3, I must be notified at least 1 week prior to the event, and in the case of category 4, I must be notified, in writing, within the first week of class.

2. Unexcused absences. Attendance is mandatory for this class. Any student with more than 9 hours of unexcused absences, will be required to meet with the instructor and Dean of the school to determine if the student should be withdrawn from the course and receive a course grade of W. The student may appeal any withdrawal from the course with the Provost of the University.

3. Withdrawing/Incompletes. Any student with excused absences exceeding one-fifth of the class contact hours will be granted a “W” or an “I” on request.

4. Late/Missed Assignments/Exams. Unless otherwise stated or announced in class, assignments are due at the BEGINNING of class on the date listed. No late assignments will be accepted without PRIOR approval from the instructor, unless that absence is both unplanned and excused (see excused absences, category 1 and 2, above). In the case of unplanned, excused absences, the student must notify the instructor during the next attended class period and an extension will be made according to the circumstances.

5. Make-up exams. Make up exams will be given only for excused absences; all other missed exams result in a grade of zero. Students must meet with the instructor and arrange a day and time for make-up examinations.

6. Mid-term notification of student grades. At their request, I will inform any student of their current course grade prior to the last day to withdraw from class.
7. **Cheating/Plagiarism.** Both cheating and plagiarism are violations of the UAM Student Academic conduct Code and are defined in the Student Handbook. Violations of the Academic Code will be dealt with as specified by the Student Handbook and can range from an F grade in the course to suspension and expulsion from the University. The minimum punishment for either offense is a score of zero for the exercise. All assignments are individual exercises and copying will result in a zero grade.

8. **Food/Tobacco use.** In class, food and ALL FORMS of tobacco are prohibited. If you want to eat, chew or smoke, you must do this outside of class. Soft drinks or other non-alcoholic beverages are acceptable in class.

9. **Disruptive behavior.** Disruptive behavior diminishes the opportunity for learning by peers and in effect, is a theft of their tuition dollars. Students will receive ONE warning about disruptive behavior. At the second instance, the student will be asked to leave the class and will forfeit one letter grade from their final course grade. A third instance will result in expulsion (administrative withdrawal) from the class.

10. **Dress code.** As a sign of respect, I request that students **not wear hats in class.**

11. **Other.** Other unusual, legitimate problems that arise will be dealt with on a case by case basis. If you are having problems, see me and I will try to help you out.

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**Grade Reporting Policy**

UAM will no longer mail grade reports to all students. You may access your grades through Campus Connect on the UAM homepage, [http://www.uamont.edu/](http://www.uamont.edu/). To have your grades mailed to you, complete the grade request form available in the Registrar’s Office in Monticello or the Student Services offices in Crossett and McGehee.

**Students with disabilities statement:**

It is the policy of the University of AR at Monticello to accommodate individuals with disabilities pursuant to federal law and the University’s commitment to equal educational opportunities. It is the responsibility of the student to inform the instructor of any necessary accommodations at the beginning of the course. Any student requiring accommodations should contact the Office of Special Student Services located in Harris Hall Room 120; phone 870 460-1026; TDD 870 460-1626; Fax 870 460-1926.

**School of Forest Resources Professionalism Statement**

Students in the School of Forest Resources are pursuing course of study that prepare them for careers as natural resource professionals. Professional education is much more than technical training and encompasses professional resource education as well as general education, social science and humanities courses. Collectively, these subjects constitute professional education.

Since the School of Forest Resources is dedicated to professional education rather than technical training, the faculty and staff have certain expectations of themselves and of SFR students with regard to professionalism and personal conduct in their preparation for careers in the natural resource professions. Thus, SFR students and faculty are expected to exhibit conduct and attitudes appropriate to professionals.

Conduct and attitudes appropriate for professionals include, but are not restricted to,

1. The UA-M Code of Student Conduct published in the University Catalog.
2. Attitudes appropriate for resource professionals in the 21st Century:
   a. Respect for others and for their ideas;
   b. Appreciation for ethnic and gender diversity in the workplace;
   c. Sensitivity to environmental quality;
   d. Adherence to professional ethics, e.g. the Society of American Foresters Code of Ethics.

Instructors reserve the right to reduce student grades or withdraw students from classes for unprofessional or disruptive behavior (see course policies).
TENTATIVE COURSE SCHEDULE AND CONTENT

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Meeting</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Reading</th>
<th>Homework</th>
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<td>08.25</td>
<td>Lecture 1</td>
<td>Course introduction, economic thought, forest economics</td>
<td>Econ Ch. 1</td>
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<td>Free market, market failures and government interventions</td>
<td>FVS-1: Basic simulations and data management</td>
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<td>Long-run timber demand and supply</td>
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<td>Econ Ch. 11</td>
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<td>Yield tables, stand table projection</td>
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<td>Even-aged rotation: starting with bare land</td>
<td>Mgmt. 376-384</td>
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<td>Even-aged rotation: considering existing stands</td>
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<td>Normal forest model and forest regulation</td>
<td>Mgmt. 527-556</td>
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<td>Lecture 23</td>
<td>Methods for estimating sustainable cutting levels</td>
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<td>Lecture 24</td>
<td>Forest planning concepts</td>
<td>Mgmt. Ch. 3</td>
<td>HW 9 Due</td>
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<td>Mgmt. Plan</td>
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<td>Presentation of management plans by students</td>
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<td>Lecture 25</td>
<td>Harvest scheduling concepts</td>
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<td>Lab 14</td>
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<tr>
<td>12.01</td>
<td>Lecture 26</td>
<td>Harvest scheduling objectives</td>
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<tr>
<td>12.06</td>
<td>Lecture 27</td>
<td>Developing objectives for harvest scheduling</td>
<td>Mgmt. Ch 6</td>
<td>HW 10 Due</td>
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<td>Lab 15</td>
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<tr>
<td>12.08</td>
<td>Lecture 28</td>
<td>Forest-wide constraints – importance and development</td>
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</table>

Final examination date, time, and place: Wednesday, December 14th, 2011 from 1030 to 1230 in CFC Room 208
Course Agreement – STUDENT COPY

Course Identifier and Name          FOR 4684 – Forest Resource Economics and Management
Semester and Year                  Fall August 11

By signing your name in the box below, you are stating, without condition that:

(1) I have read the syllabus and understand the course policies for this course,
(2) All aspects of the UA-M Conduct Code have been followed with respect to all assignments,
    quizzes, and exams for this course,
(3) The work submitted is solely your own unless part of a group assignment stated specifically by
    the instructor,
(4) You have not cheated or plagiarized at any time while completing any and all assignments for
    this course, and
(5) You will not discuss the content or answers to any exam with any other student in the course
    until all students have completed the exam and the answers are made available.

Violation of any of all of these conditions, whether they are discovered of witnessed before, during, or
after the assignment, quiz, or examination has been taken and/or completed and submitted for a grade
will constitute a violation of the UA-M Conduct Code and will be reported to and punishable by the
UA-M Judicial System.

As stated in course policies, the MINIMUM punishment for cheating and/or plagiarism is a zero grade
on the assignment in question.

Name: ________________________________    Date: ________________
By signing your name in the box below, you are stating, without condition that:

1. I have read the syllabus and understand the course policies for this course,
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3. The work submitted is solely your own unless part of a group assignment stated specifically by the instructor,
4. You have not cheated or plagiarized at any time while completing any and all assignments for this course, and,
5. You will not discuss the content or answers to any exam with any other student in the course until all students have completed the exam and the answers are made available.

Violation of any all of these conditions, whether they are discovered of witnessed before, during, or after the assignment, quiz, or examination has been taken and/or completed and submitted for a grade will constitute a violation of the UA-M Conduct Code and will be reported to and punishable by the UA-M Judicial System.

As stated in course policies, the MINIMUM punishment for cheating and/or plagiarism is a zero grade on the assignment in question.

Name: ___________________________    Date: ________________
Syllabus for Forest Soils Lecture- FOR 2033
(Spring 2012)

Instructor:  Dr. Robert L. Ficklin
203 H.H. Chamberlin
Phone: 460-1692 (o); 573-808-2501 (h)

Lecture Time and Location:   TH 11:10am to 12:30pm; Rm 209
                              H.H. Chamberlin

Office Hours:   8:00 to 10:00 a.m. Tuesday and Thursday and by appointment.

Course Objectives:  To introduce future forest resource professionals to the complex
                   interactions between the soil resource and forest biota.  Upon completion of the
                   course, students will have a fundamental understanding of the soil as a living
                   body, and students will be familiar with soils terminology, soil/ plant water
                   relationships, soil properties, and soil productivity.

Evaluation Criteria: Three 1-hour exams (25% each)
                     Final Exam (20%)
                     Participation (5%)

Note:  Learning the jargon of soil science is important for the communication of
       ideas between and among natural resource professionals.  Similarly, learning the jargon
       of soil science is critical for the successful completion of this course.  The definitions for
       all soil science terms are in the glossary of Brady and Weil.

Scale:  A=90-100   B=80-89   C=70-79   D=60-69   F<60

UAM will no longer mail grade reports to all students.  You may access your grades
through Campus Connect on the UAM homepage, http://www.uamont.edu/.  To have
your grades mailed to you, complete the grade request form available in the Registrar’s
Office in Monticello or the Student Services offices in Crossett and McGhee.

Expectations:

1. Three unexcused absences will result in a drop of one letter grade.  Missing six
   classes will result in expulsion from the course.

2. A word processor must be used for all assignments.

3. Cheating and/or plagiarism will result in a zero on that assignment or test.
   Cheating and plagiarism are both violations of the UAM Student Academic
   Conduct Code as defined in the Student Handbook (See Statement Below).
   Two incidents will result in administrative action, which may include expulsion
   from the class and/or the University.
4. Disorderly conduct will not be tolerated. This course is designed to facilitate the development of forest resource professionals. Disorderly conduct will be handled in a manner appropriate for the disruption.

Absences from Class and Announced Exercises:
Although a formal roll-call may not be performed on a regular basis, the class will be counted and absences observed. Attendance is strongly encouraged. Students are held responsible for all material, handouts, and assignments presented in lecture and lab, **whether discussed in class or not**. A good record of participation in class will be taken into consideration for a student who is on the border-line between two grades.

Prerequisites: CHEM 1103 General Chemistry I or CHEM 1023 Introduction to Chemistry; MATH 1043 College Algebra


or


Spring Break: March 19th to the 23rd

Final Exam: May 3rd, 10:30am to 12:30pm (Thursday)

Students With Disabilities:

It is the policy of the University of Arkansas--Monticello to accommodate individuals with disabilities pursuant to federal law and the University's commitment to equal educational opportunities. It is the responsibility of the student to inform the instructor of any necessary accommodations at the beginning of the course. Any student requiring accommodations should contact the Office of Special Student Services located in Harris Hall Room 120; phone 870 460-1026; TDD 870 460-1626; fax 870 460-1926.

Please note that the last line would change for technical campuses to include:
McGhee: Office of Special Student Services representative on campus; phone 870 222-5360; fax 870 222-4709.
Crossett: Office of Special Student Services representative on campus; phone 870 364-6414; fax 870 364-5707.

Professionalism:

Students in the School of Forest Resources are pursuing courses of study that prepare them for careers as natural resources professionals. Professional education is much more than technical training and encompasses professional resource education as well as general education, social science and humanities courses. Collectively, these subjects constitute professional education.
Because the School is dedicated to professional education rather than technical training, the faculty and staff have certain expectations of themselves and of SFR students with regard to professionalism and personal conduct in their preparation for careers in the natural resource professions. Thus, SFR students and faculty are expected to exhibit conduct and attitudes appropriate to professionals.

Conduct and attitudes appropriate for professionals include, but are not restricted to,

1. The UA-M Code of Student Conduct published in the University catalog,

2. Attitudes appropriate for resource professionals of the 21st Century:
   a. Respect for others and for their ideas;
   b. Appreciation for ethnic and gender diversity in the workplace;
   c. Sensitivity to environmental quality;
   d. Adherence to professional ethics, e.g. the Society of American Foresters Code of Ethics.

The instructor reserves the right to reduce student grades or withdraw a student from class for unprofessional behavior.

Cheating and Plagiarism Requirement

Cheating: The possession, receipt, use, buying or selling, or furnishing of unauthorized help while doing any of the following, but not limited to:
- assignments
- reports
- term papers
- quizzes
- tests
- providing answers
- homework (e.g., copying homework assignments and/or answers)
- use of pre-programmed calculators (e.g., formulas)

When in doubt about the acceptance of providing or getting help for the activities mentioned above, consult your instructor.

Plagiarism: The use of writings, concepts, or thoughts of another, which are specific information and not common knowledge, without acknowledging the source(s). As used above, another is any of the following, but not limited to:
- any person
- any text from a book, journal, magazine, or other printed material
- any electronic source (internet source, word document file, or any digital data)

Examples of common knowledge compared to specific information are:
- The sun will rise tomorrow is common knowledge.
- The sun will rise at 6:01 a.m. on 1 July 2004 (NWS 2003) is specific knowledge.
- Florida, as a retirement state, has a lot of older people is common knowledge.
- As of 2002, 2,854,838 people over the age of 65 lived in Florida (U.S. Census Bureau 2003) is specific knowledge.
Direct quotations should be indicated using quotation marks and proper acknowledgement of the source. Paraphrasing is the use of writings, concepts, or thoughts of another rephrased in your words that captures the meaning of the original author. Cite the source of paraphrases also.

Examples using quotations and paraphrasing:

The original text from Leopold (1933) reads: In hoofed mammals there is so far no visible evidence of any density limit except the carrying capacity of food.

Correct direct quotation reads: “In hoofed mammals there is so far no visible evidence of any density limit except the carrying capacity of food.” (Leopold 1933)

Correct paraphrase reads: Ungulates are density-dependent only in relation to forage (Leopold 1933).

Plagiarized/incorrect quote reads: In hoofed mammals there is so far no visible evidence of any density limit except the carrying capacity of food.

Plagiarized/incorrect paraphrase may read: Ungulates are density-dependent only in relation to forage.

Other examples of plagiarism include, but are not limited to:
- Failing to provide a reference (attribution).
- Copying graphics and pictures from the internet without a reference (attribution).
- Paraphrasing without a reference (attribution).
- Submitting someone else’s work.

When in doubt about plagiarism consult your instructor.

Lecture Topics:

1. The soil as a living body
2. Soil formation from parent materials
3. Soil classification
4. Soil structure and physical properties

Exam I Materials

5. Soil and the hydrologic cycle
6. Soil and plant water characteristics
7. Soil colloid chemistry
8. Soil pH and nutrient availability for plant utilization
9. Soil ecology/ biotic and abiotic interactions
10. Soil organic matter
11. Nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, and micronutrients

Exam II Materials

Exam III Materials
Specific Learning Objectives:

In accordance with the new outcomes-based assessment policy, all students are required to demonstrate proficiency in all core competencies in both portions of this course at least once during the semester. Failure to demonstrate proficiency in all core competencies will result in one of two options (determined by the instructor):

1) A course grade of “D” may be assigned regardless of overall average;
2) A course grade of “I” may be assigned which later can be converted to the grade earned based on course average once proficiency in all core competencies have been demonstrated. The instructor will provide additional assignments so that the student can demonstrate mastery of the core competency/ competencies that was/ were not mastered during the regular semester. The time limit for this option is 4 weeks from the date of the final examination.

Successful completion of this course is accomplished by fulfilling two sets of assessment requirements. First, a general understanding of all course materials such that 70% of all coursework is deemed “correct” is required. Second, students must illustrate mastery of key concepts that are central to tree ecophysiology.

Mastery of the materials is shown by successfully completing the following core competencies:

a) Describe the nature of different types of soil parent materials;
b) Define the components of soil color;
c) Demonstrate the ability to identify the Order in which a soil belongs based on a full taxonomic description;
d) Identify soil textural classification based upon percentages of sand, silt, and clay;
e) List the factors and processes involved with soil formation;
f) Differentiate between 1:1 and 2:1 clay minerals on the basis of chemical structure;
g) Describe CEC and how it relates to soil fertility;
h) Describe the processes of mineralization and nitrification;
i) Identify the forms of N, P, and K taken up by plants;
j) List the plant essential macronutrients and provide examples of the role of each of the nutrients in plant physiology;
k) Identify at least three factors that influence the decomposition of organic matter;
l) Define the components of the Universal Soil Loss Equation.
By typing or signing your name in the box below, you are stating, without condition, your compliance with the following in regard to all required coursework:

(1.) all aspects of the UA-M Conduct Code have been followed with respect to all assignments, laboratory reports, or exams to be completed during this semester;

(2.) the work you submit is yours and yours alone unless part of a group assignment or group laboratory report;

(3.) you will not cheat or plagiarize at any time while completing your assignments, laboratory reports, or exams; and

(4.) for exams, you will not discuss their content with any other student in the class until all students have completed the exam and the answers are made available.

Violation of any or all of these conditions, whether they are discovered or witnessed before, during, or after any assignments, laboratory reports, or exams have been taken and/or completed and submitted for grade, will constitute a violation of the UA-M conduct code and will be reported to and punishable by the UA-M Judicial System. The process is initiated through the Dean’s office.

Signing or printing your name on assignments, lab reports, and exams during this semester means that you understand what you signed today in class and will be liable for your actions.

Signature:                                      Date:
Printed Name:

*See the body of the syllabus for definitions and examples.
FOR 1061 – INTRODUCTION TO FORESTRY  
FALL 2011

Time/Location:
   Wednesday 1:10 pm – 4:00 pm
   Forestry Annex A

Instructor:
   Dr. Jamie Schuler
   215 Chamberlin
   Phone: 460-1448
   Email: schuler@uamont.edu
   Office Hours: H 12:30-1:30, or by appointment

Required Text:
   “A Sand County Almanac: with essays on conservation from Round River”, by
   Aldo Leopold—available in bookstore.

   Other readings will be assigned and placed on reserve in the library

Course Learning Objectives:
This class is designed to provide students with an overview of forestry and forestry-
related disciplines. Weekly field trips and outdoor labs will facilitate the introduction to
the forestry profession. Students will gain a basic understanding of biological and
ecological functions of forest ecosystems, and the social, economic and political factors
that affect their management. Additionally, increased emphasis will be placed on
developing written communication skills. Several trip reports (*, see schedule) and one
book report will provide students the opportunity to critically evaluate course topics.

Grading:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Weight</th>
<th>Final Grade</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Midterm exam</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>≥ 90 A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Final exam</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>80-89 B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 trip reports</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>70-79 C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Book report- A Sand County Almanac</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>60-69 D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attendance/Participation/Pop quizzes</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>&lt; 60 F</td>
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Core Competencies:
Students must:
1. Demonstrate through field testing the proper operation of a hand compass.
2. Inventory and calculate the number of stems/ac in a forest stand.
3. Describe several advantages and disadvantages of regenerating forested stands
   through artificial versus natural means.
4. Describe basic chainsaw safety standards and tree felling procedures.
5. Describe the utility and hazards associated with prescribed burning.
6. Describe how soil, hydrology and topographic features affect tree growth and
   species composition/selection.
Students will be given several opportunities to fulfill these competencies during the semester. Failure to achieve mastery in all of these competencies will result in an “I”, regardless of the overall course grade. Incompletes can be converted into a letter grade if, through additional work provided by the instructor, the student demonstrates mastery of the unachieved competencies before the start of classes for the next semester. Failure to achieve these competencies will result in either a “D” (if the overall course grade was A-D), or “F”.

Instructor’s Expectations:
1. **Classes will generally be held outdoors regardless of weather conditions.** Appropriate attire for all outdoor classes includes hardhat and closed-toed shoes (no sandals, flip-flops, etc.). On occasion, classes will return after 4:00 pm.

2. Students are expected to attend all classes. Make-up exams will be granted only in extenuating circumstances. You must notify the instructor in advance of any absence. More than three unexcused absences will result in a dismissal from the class with a failing grade.

3. **Homework is due at the beginning of class one week after it is assigned. Late assignments will not be accepted.**

UAM/SFR Policies
1. It is the policy of the University of Arkansas-Monticello to accommodate individuals with disabilities pursuant to federal law and the University’s commitment to equal educational opportunities. It is the responsibility of the student to inform the instructor of any necessary accommodations at the beginning of the course. Any student requiring accommodations should contact the Office of Special Student Services located in Harris Hall Room 120; phone 870 460-1026; TDD 870 460-1626; Fax 870 460-1926.

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-- attitudes appropriate for resource professionals of the 21st Century:
   a. respect for others and for their ideas;
   b. appreciation for ethnic and gender diversity in the workplace;
   c. sensitivity to environmental quality;
   d. adherence to professional ethics, e.g., the Society of American Foresters Code of Ethics.

I reserve the right to reduce student grades or withdraw the students from class for unprofessional behavior.

Cheating and plagiarism in any aspect of this class are not acceptable. Students involved in these activities may receive a zero for a particular assignment, or may be removed from the course with a failing grade.

Disorderly conduct is defined in the student handbook as "any behavior that disrupts the regular or normal functions of the University community, including behavior which breaches the peace or violates the rights of others". This action is prohibited under the Student Conduct Code. Disorderly conduct or disruptive behavior will not be tolerated in the School of Forest Resources. Such conduct may result in dismissal from classes.

The University of Arkansas at Monticello no longer mails grade reports to students at the end of the term. For the convenience, grades and other information can be accessed through Campus Connect, located on the UAM homepage, www.uamont.edu. However, any student who wishes to have a mailed grade report must complete a request with the Registrar’s Office prior to the last day of final exams. This form is also available in the Student Services offices at Crossett and McGehee. Questions should be directed to the Registrar’s Office at 870-460-1034.
**Tentative Course Schedule**

8/24  First day of class - Introduction
8/31  Using a map and compass
9/7   Forest measurements
9/14  Pine management in southern Arkansas *
9/21  Prescribed burning (dependent on county foresters)
9/28  Forest Soils
10/5  Wildlife Management (Mr. Chris Watt) *
10/12 Forest Harvesting (Dr. David Patterson)
10/19 Midterm Exam
10/26 Urban Forestry (Mr. Chris Stuhlinger) *
11/2  Sawmill Visit (Price Lumber Co.) *
11/9  Forest Hydrology/ BMPs
11/16 Hardwood Forests and *********Book Report Due******************
11/23 Thanksgiving Holiday - No Class
11/30 Wood Structure & Function
12/7  “Sand County Almanac”
12/14 Final Exam - 1:10 pm

* Indicates writing assignment. Assignments are due at the beginning of the next class.